

STATE OF NEW MEXICO

City of Socorro

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

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STATE OF NEW MEXICO City of Socorro Official Roster June 30, 2022

CITY COUNCIL

Ravi Bhasker	Mayor
Marry Ann Chavez-Lopez	Councilor
Deborah Dean	Councilor
Nick Fleming	Councilor
Gordon E. Hicks	Councilor
Damien Ocampo	Councilor
Michael Olguin Jr.	Councilor
Peter D. Romero	Councilor
Anton Salome	Councilor

ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICIALS

Donald Monette	City Treasurer / Administrator
Ruby Lopez	Finance Director
Leopoldo Pineda, JR	City Clerk / Chief Procurement Officer

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FINANCIAL SECTION



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To The Honorable Brian S. Colón New Mexico State Auditor and The City Council City of Socorro Socorro, New Mexico

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, the aggregate remaining fund information and the budgetary comparisons of the general fund of the City Socorro, New Mexico (the City) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, the aggregate remaining fund information and the budgetary comparisons of the general fund of the City, as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and with standards applicable to financial audits contained in Governmental Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Key Audit Matters

Certain financial statement disclosures are particularly sensitive because of their significance to financial statement users. The most sensitive disclosures affecting the financial statements were:

The disclosure of Long-term Debt in Note 8 to the financial statements due to business type activities recognizing total long-term debt of \$13,086,381 and having pledged revenues in fiscal year 2023 in the amount of \$757,489 and total future pledged revenues of \$14,045,807 through fiscal year 2062. Future net operating revenues of the Joint Utility are used to service these liabilities.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted the Management Discussion and Analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economical, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by the missing information.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that Schedule I through IV and the Notes to the Required Supplementary Information on pages 72-80 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Government Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Schedule VII), the combining and individual non-major fund financial statements (Statement A-1 and Statement A-2) and the Supporting Schedules V and VI required by Section 2.2.2 NMAC is presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (Schedule VII), the combining and individual non-major fund financial statements (Statement A-1 and Statement A-2) and the Supporting Schedules V and VI are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated October 19, 2022 on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Southwest accounting Solutions, LLC

Albuquerque, New Mexico October 19, 2022

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATE OF NEW MEXICO City of Socorro Statement of Net Position June 30, 2022

	Primary Government								
		vernmental Business-Type Activities Activities				Total			
Assets									
Current Assets									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	6,122,275	\$	3,948,702	\$	10,070,977			
Restricted cash		214,375		397,162		611,537			
Other receivables, net		812,927		202,920		1,015,847			
Taxes receivable		1,254,760		-		1,254,760			
Customer receivables, net		-		1,385,129		1,385,129			
Inventory		16,936		112,907		129,843			
Total current assets		8,421,273	,	6,046,820		14,468,093			
Noncurrent assets									
Real estate contract receivable		385,964		-		385,964			
Rent receivable		309,087		-		309,087			
Customer deposits		-		30		30			
Capital assets		42,769,774		50,973,937		93,743,711			
Less: Accumulated depreciation		(21,255,029)		(26,311,619)	_	(47,566,648)			
Total noncurrent assets		22,209,796		24,662,348		46,872,144			
Deferred outflows of resources									
Deferred outflows from pension		860,000		318,082		1,178,082			
Deferred outflows from OPEB		715,146		264,506		979,652			
Total deferred outflows		1,575,146		582,588		2,157,734			
Total assets, and deferred outflows of									
resources	\$	32,206,215	\$	31,291,756	\$	63,497,971			

	Primary Government							
Liabilities		Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Total		
Current Liabilities								
Accounts payable	\$	326,737	\$	778,988	\$	1,105,725		
Accrued salaries and benefits		54,473		-		54,473		
Accrued interest		11,176		27,174		38,350		
Loans and bonds payable		176,153		583,207		759,360		
Compensated absences Total current liabilities		<u>146,686</u> 715,225		<u> </u>		236,464 2,194,372		
		715,225		1,479,147		2,194,372		
Noncurrent liabilities								
Customer deposits		-		37,170		37,170		
Loans and bonds payable		2,536,325		12,503,174		15,039,499		
Compensated absences		72,078		68,071		140,149		
Landfill closure liability		-		1,724,140		1,724,140		
Net pension liability		6,004,452		2,220,825		8,225,277		
Net OPEB liability		2,416,127		893,636		3,309,763		
Total noncurrent liabilities		11,028,982		17,447,016		28,475,998		
Total liabilities		11,744,207		18,926,163		30,670,370		
Deferred inflows of resources								
Deferred inflows - rent		309,087		-		309,087		
Deferred inflows from pension		2,094,401		774,642		2,869,043		
Deferred inflows from OPEB		1,617,990		598,434		2,216,424		
Total deferred inflows		4,021,478		1,373,076		5,394,554		
Net position								
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for:		18,802,267		11,575,937		30,378,204		
Debt Service		214,023		388,762		602,785		
Capital projects		473,482		8,400		481,882		
Special Revenue		277,216		-		277,216		
Unrestricted		(3,326,458)		(980,582)		(4,307,040)		
Total net position		16,440,530		10,992,517		27,433,047		
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of								
resources, and net position	\$	32,206,215	\$	31,291,756	\$	63,497,971		

STATE OF NEW MEXICO City of Socorro Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Functions and Programs			Program Revenues							
		-	Charges for		Dperating trants and	Capital Grants and				
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT Governmental Activities:		Expenses	Services Contribu		ntributions	C	ontributions			
General government Public safety Public works Culture and recreation Health and welfare Interest on long-term debt	\$	3,075,353 3,807,529 1,129,239 1,795,460 172,307 63,154	\$	1,114,981 301,486 - 281,764 - -	\$	1,794,796 137,303 - - - -	\$	- 223,023 3,501,727 - - -		
Total governmental Activities Business-type activities Joint utility Total business-type activities		10,043,042 9,262,853 9,262,853		1,698,231 9,149,404 9,149,404		1,932,099 2,311,919 2,311,919		3,724,750		
Total primary government	\$	19,305,895	\$	10,847,635	\$	4,244,018	\$	3,724,750		

General revenues:

Taxes:

Property taxes levied for general purposes Gross receipt taxes

Gas taxes

Franchise taxes

Lodgers taxes

Licenses, permits, fees, and fines

Interest income

Miscellaneous income

Transfers

Subtotal, general revenues

Change in net position

Net position - beginning Net position - ending

See Independent Auditors' Report and Notes to Financial Statements

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position										
	Business-									
G	iovernment	Туре								
	Activities		Activities		Total					
\$	(165,576)	\$	-	\$	(165,576)					
	(3,145,717)		-		(3,145,717)					
	2,372,488		-		2,372,488					
	(1,513,696)		-		(1,513,696)					
	(172,307)		-		(172,307)					
	(63,154)				(63,154)					
	(2,687,962)		-		(2,687,962)					
	-		2,198,470		2,198,470					
	-		2,198,470		2,198,470					
\$	(2,687,962)	\$	2,198,470	\$	(489,492)					
	684,125		-		684,125					
	6,202,529		119,370		6,321,899					
	113,056		-		113,056					
	130,419		-		130,419					
	440,041		-		440,041					
	149,169		-		149,169					
	26,680		3,168		29,848					
	434,655		83,996		518,651					
	(53,825)		53,825		-					
	8,126,849		260,359		8,387,208					
	5,438,887		2,458,829		7,897,716					
	11,001,643		8,533,688		19,535,331					
\$	16,440,530	\$	10,992,517	\$	27,433,047					

State of New Mexico City of Socorro Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2022

	Capiotal Project Funds							
	General		Street	(Capital	Non-Major		
	Fund	Improvements		Ρ	rojects	Governmental		
	# 101		# 309		# 311	Funds		
Assets								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 5,679,969	\$	208,112	\$	149	\$	234,045	
Restricted cash	-		67	,	-	,	214,308	
Other Receivables	331,082		-	\$	237,548		244,297	
Property taxes receivable	128,879		-		-		-	
Gross receipt taxes receivable	1,053,404		-		-		-	
Lodgers taxes receivables	-		-		-		72,477	
Inventory	16,936		-		-		-	
Real estate contract receivable	385,964		-		-		-	
Rent receivable	309,087		-		-		-	
Total assets	\$ 7,905,321	\$	208,179	\$	237,697	\$	765,127	
Liabilities, deferred inflows of resources								
and fund balance								
Liabilities								
Accounts payable	\$ 72,598		-		216,910	\$	37,229	
Accrued salaries and benefits	54,473		-		-		-	
Total liabilities	127,071		-		216,910		37,229	
Deferred Inflows of resources								
Deferred inflows - property taxes	95,892		-		-		-	
Deferred inflows - ambulance services	185,712		-		-		-	
Deferred inflows - real estate contract	385,964		-		-		-	
Deferred inflows - rent	309,087		-		-		-	
Total deferred inflows	976,655		-		-		-	
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of								
resources	1,103,726		-		216,910		37,229	
Fund balance								
Spendable								
Restricted for:								
Public safety	_		_		-		49,268	
Culture and recreation	-		-		_		227,948	
Debt service expenditures	-		-		-		214,023	
Capital projects	-		208,179		20,787		244,516	
Committed to:			,		,			
Minimum fund balance	669,810		-		-		-	
Unassigned	6,131,785		-		-		(7,857)	
Total fund balance	6,801,595		208,179		20,787		727,898	
	-,		, 0		- ,		,	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$ 7,905,321	\$	208,179	\$	237,697	\$	765,127	
resources, and rund Dalances	ψ 1,000,021	Ψ	200,179	Ψ	201,001	Ψ	100,121	

Exhibit B-1 Page 1 of 2

Go	Total vernmental Funds
\$	6,122,275 214,375 812,927 128,879 1,053,404 72,477 16,936 385,964 309,087
\$	9,116,324
\$	326,737 54,473 381,210
	95,892 185,712 385,964 <u>309,087</u> 976,655
	1,357,865
	49,268 227,948 214,023 473,482 669,810
	6,123,928
	7,758,459
\$	9,116,324

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STATE OF NEW MEXICOExhibit B-1City of SocorroPage 2 of 2Governmental FundsReconciliation of the Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position
June 30, 2022

Total fund balance governmental funds	\$ 7,758,459
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds:	
Capital assets Less: Accumulated depreciation	42,769,774 (21,255,029)
Delinquent property taxes, ambulance receivables and the real estate contract receivable not collected within sixty days after year end are not considered "available" revenues and are considered to be deferred inflows in the fund financial statements, but have already been recognized as revenues in the Statement of Activities.	
Delinquent property taxes Delinquent ambulance receivables	95,892 185,712
Real estate contract receivable Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in the fund financial statements unless it is	385,964
due and payable:	
Accrued interest	(11,176)
Deferred outflows and inflows relating to pension and OPEB liabilities are not payable / collected in the current period and therefore are not reported in the fund financial statements. Deferred outflows and inflows consist of the following:	
Deferred outflows from pension	860,000
Deferred inflows from pension	(2,094,401)
Deferred outflows from OPEB	715,146
Deferred inflows from OPEB	(1,617,990)
Long-term and certain other liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds. Long-term and other liabilities at year end consist of:	
Accrued compensated absences	(218,764)
Loans payable	(2,712,478)
Net pension liability	(6,004,452)
Net OPEB liability	 (2,416,127)
Total net position governmental activities	\$ 16,440,530

STATE OF NEW MEXICO City of Socorro Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	General Fund		Capital Project Funds						
			Street Improvements			Capital		Non-Major	
					Projects		Governmental		
Bayanuaa		# 101		# 309		# 311		Funds	
Revenues Dreporty taxon	\$	664,037	\$		\$		\$		
Property taxes Gross receipt taxes	φ	6,170,639	φ	-	φ	-	φ	- 31,890	
Gas taxes		0,170,039		-		-		113,056	
Franchise taxes		- 130,419		-		_		-	
Lodger's taxes		-		-		_		440.041	
State operating grants		761,205		_		_		76,990	
State capital grants		303,850		2,028,068		784,384		480,169	
Federal operating grants		1,033,591		2,020,000		-		60,313	
Federal capital grants		-		-		_		128,279	
Charges for services		1,416,467		-		_		281,764	
Licenses and fees		135,449		-		_		13,720	
Interest income		24,067		335		-		2,278	
Miscellaneous income		412,787		-		-		15,315	
Total revenue		11,052,511		2,028,403		784,384		1,643,815	
Expenditures									
Current:									
General government		2,793,239		-		-		-	
Public safety		3,154,838		-		-		303,411	
Public works		490,048		336		35,702		499,563	
Culture and recreation		955,655		-		-		675,100	
Health and welfare		156,501		-		-		-	
Capital outlay		487,441		2,221,427		717,918		783,086	
Debt service:						-			
Principal		-		-		-		205,528	
Interest		-				-		62,650	
Total expenditures		8,037,722		2,221,763		753,620		2,529,338	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over		0.044 700		(100.000)		00 704		(005 500)	
expenditures		3,014,789		(193,360)		30,764		(885,523)	
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers in						291,000		864,050	
Transfers out		- (1,208,875)		-		291,000		004,000	
Loan proceeds		(1,200,073)		-		-		- 150,000	
Total other financing sources (uses)		(1,208,875)				291,000		1,014,050	
Net change in fund balance		1,805,914		(193,360)		321,764		128,527	
Fund balance - beginning of year	_	4,995,681		401,539		(300,977)		599,371	
Fund balance - end of year	\$	6,801,595	\$	208,179	\$	20,787	\$	727,898	

Total Governmental Funds			
\$	664,037 6,202,529 113,056 130,419 440,041 838,195 3,596,471 1,093,904 128,279 1,698,231 149,169 26,680 428,102 15,509,113		
	2,793,239 3,458,249 1,025,649 1,630,755 156,501 4,209,872		
	205,528 62,650 13,542,443		
	1,966,670		
	1,155,050 (1,208,875) <u>150,000</u> 96,175 2,062,845 5,695,614		
\$	7,758,459		

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STATE OF NEW MEXICO

City of Socorro Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Net Change in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds	\$ 2,062,845
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense:	
Capital expenditures recorded in capital outlay Depreciation expense	4,209,872 (1,297,037)
Governmental funds report City pension and OPEB contributions as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of pension benefits earned, net of employee contributions, is reported as pension and OPEB expense:	
Change in net pension liability Change in OPEB liability	(20,237) 415,618
In governmental funds, delinquent property taxes, ambulance receivables and real estate contract receivable collected after sixty days of year end are not considered "available" revenues and are considered to be deferred inflows in the fund financial statements, but are considered revenues in the Statement of Activities	
Decrease in delinquent property taxes Increase in deferred ambulance receivables Decrease in real estate contract receivable	20,088 16,879 (10,326)
Expenses reported in the statement of activities that do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds:	
Decrease in accrued compensated absences Increase in accrued interest expense	(13,839) (504)
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, notes, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position.	
Principal payments on bonds and loans payable Net proceeds from debt issuance	205,528 (150,000)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 5,438,887

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STATE OF NEW MEXICO City of Socorro General Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Budaete	d Amounts	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
			Non-GAAP	(0
	Original	Final	Basis	Final to actual
Revenues				
Taxes:				
Property taxes	\$ 496,710	\$ 526,562	\$ 661,156	\$ 134,594
Gross receipts taxes	4,557,141	4,831,025	6,065,874	1,234,849
Franchise tax	108,504	115,025	144,426	29,401
Gasoline and motor vehicle	-	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-	-
Intergovernmental income:	770 544	000 (00	4 000 504	<u></u>
Federal operating grants	776,511	823,180	1,033,591	210,411
Federal capital grants	-	-	-	-
State operating grants State capital grants	571,875 228,275	606,244 241,994	761,205 303,850	154,961 61,856
Charges for services	1,140,120	1,208,642	1,517,580	308,938
Licenses and fees	101,759	107,875	135,449	27,574
Interest income (loss)	3,259	3,455	4,338	883
Miscellaneous	231,076	244,963	307,578	62,615
Total revenue	8,215,230	8,708,965	10,935,047	2,226,082
Francisco d'Accesso			- , , -	, <u></u>
Expenditures				
Current	2 010 000	2 106 001	2 960 429	006 040
General government	2,919,990	3,106,081	2,869,138	236,943
Public safety Public works	3,210,754 498,734	3,415,375 530,518	3,154,838 490,048	260,537 40,470
Culture and recreation	972,593	1,034,576	490,048 955,655	78,921
Health and welfare	163,421	173,836	160,575	13,261
Capital outlay	470,608	500,599	462,412	38,187
Debt Service:		000,000	102,112	00,101
Principal	-	-	-	-
Interest	-	-	-	-
Total expenditures	8,236,100	8,760,985	8,092,666	668,319
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	\$ (20,870)	\$ (52,020)	\$ 2,842,381	\$ 2,894,401
Other financing resources (uses)				
Designated cash (budgeted increase in cash)	20,870	52,020		
Transfers in	-	-	-	-
Transfers out	(706,375)	(1,075,875)	(1,125,050)	(49,175)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(706,375)	(1,075,875)	(1,125,050)	(49,175)
Net Change in fund balance	(727,245)	(1,127,895)	\$ 1,717,331	
Fund balance - beginning of year			4,995,681	
Fund balance - end of year			\$ 6,713,012	
Net change in fund balance (non-GAAP budgetary bas	sis)		1,717,331	
Adjustments to revenue for decrease in receivables			117,464	
Adjustment to expenditures for increase in liabilities			(28,881)	
Net Change in fund balance (GAAP basis)			\$ 1,805,914	

STATE OF NEW MEXICO City of Socorro Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2022

	Joint Utility # 501
Assets Cash and cash equivalents Restricted cash and cash equivalents Other receivables Accounts receivable, net Inventory	\$ 3,911,562 397,162 202,920 1,385,129 112,907
Total current assets	6,009,680
Noncurrent assets Customer deposits Capital Assets Less: Accumulated depreciation Total noncurrent assets	37,170 50,973,937 (26,311,619) 24,699,488
Deferred outflows of resources Deferred outflows from pension Deferred outflows from OPEB Total deferred outflows of resources	318,082 264,506 582,588
Total assets, and deferred outflows of resources Liabilities, deferred inflows and net position	\$ 31,291,756
Liabilities Accounts payable Accrued interest Notes and bonds payable Compensated absences	\$ 778,988 27,174 583,207 89,778
Total current liabilities	1,479,147
Noncurrent liabilities Customer deposits Notes and bonds payable Compensated absences Landfill closure liability Net pension liability Net OPEB liability Total noncurrent liabilities	37,170 12,503,174 68,071 1,724,140 2,220,825 893,636 17,447,016
Total Liabilities	18,926,163
Deferred inflows of resources Deferred inflows from pension Deferred inflows from OPEB Total deferred inflows of resources	774,642 598,434 1,373,076
Net position Net investment in capital asset Restricted for:	11,575,937
Debt service Capital projects Unrestricted	388,762 8,400 (980,582)
Total net position	10,992,517
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and net position	\$ 31,291,756

See Independent Auditors' Report and Notes to Financial Statements

STATE OF NEW MEXICO City of Socorro Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Joint Utility # 501	
Operating revenues:		
Charges for services	\$	9,149,404
Total operating revenues		9,149,404
Operating expenses:		
Depreciation and amortization		1,158,795
COGS (Gas)		1,833,630
Personnel services		2,409,572
Contractual services		158,485
Supplies		100,996
Maintenance and Materials		1,313,170
Utilities		923,766
Insurance		353,716
Payment in lieu of taxes		329,882
Landfill Closure Expense		155,595
Miscellaneous		199,202
Total operating expense		8,936,809
Operating income (loss)		212,595
Non-operating revenues (expense):		
Gross receipts taxes		119,370
Interest income		3,168
Interest expense		(326,044)
Miscellaneous income (expense)		83,996
Total non-operating revenues (expense)		(119,510)
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers		93,085
Transfers in		83,825
Transfers out		(30,000)
State and federal capital grants		2,311,919
Total contributions and transfers		2,365,744
Change in Net Position		2,458,829
Net Position, beginning of year		8,533,688
Net Position - end of the year	\$	10,992,517

STATE OF NEW MEXICO City of Socorro Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	J	oint Utility # 501
Cash flow from operating activities		
Cash received from customers	\$	9,172,087
Cash payments to employees for services		(2,548,846)
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services		(5,835,803)
Net cash provided from operating activities	\$	787,438
Cash flow from noncapital financing activities		
Miscellaneous	\$	83,996
Gross Receipts tax	Ψ	119,370
Transfers		53,825
Net cash flows provided (used) by noncapital financing		00,020
activities	\$	257,191
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities		
Interest paid	\$	(328,536)
Principal payments	Ψ	(6,797,383)
Debt proceeds		11,046,770
•		
Acquisition of capital assets		(6,544,570)
Governmetal capital contributions		2,108,999
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing	•	(544,700)
activities	\$	(514,720)
Cash flows from investing activities		
Interest income	\$	3,168
Net cash provided by investing activities	\$	3,168
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	\$	533,077
Cash & cash equivalents - beginning of year		3,812,817
Cash & cash equivalents - end of year	\$	4,345,894
Reconciliation of operating income (loss to net cash		
provided (used) by operating activities		
Operating income (loss)	\$	212,595
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net		
cash provided (used) by operating activities		
Depreciation		1,158,795
Employer pension and OPEB expense		(146,236)
Changes in assets & liabilities:		
Receivables		30,288
Inventory		(6,499)
Accounts payable		(616,457)
Compensated absences		6,962
Customer deposits		(7,605)
Net change in landfill liability		155,595
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	787,438
not out provided (doed) by operating activities	Ψ	101,100

NOTE 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The City of Socorro (City) was incorporated in 1918. The City operates under a Mayor-Council form of government and provides the following services as authorized by its charter: public safety (police and fire), culture and recreation, public improvements, housing, planning and zoning, highways and streets, public utilities (wastewater, water and solid waste), health and social services, and general administrative services.

The City is a body politic and incorporated under the name and form of government selected by its qualified electors. The City may:

- 1. Sue or be sued;
- 2. Enter into contracts and leases;
- 3. Acquire and hold property, both real and personal;
- 4. Have a common seal, which may be altered at pleasure;

5. Exercise such other privileges that are incident to corporations of like character or degree that are not inconsistent with the laws of New Mexico;

- 6. Protect generally the property of its municipality and its inhabitants;
- 7. Preserve peace and order within the municipality; and

8. Establish rates for services provided by municipal utilities and revenue-producing projects, including amounts which the governing body determines to be reasonable in the operation of similar facilities.

This summary of significant accounting policies of the City is presented to assist in the understanding of the City's financial statements. The financial statements and notes are the representation of the City's management, who are responsible for their integrity and objectivity.

The financial statements of the City have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standard Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The GASB periodically updates its codification of the existing Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards which, along with subsequent GASB pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations), constitutes GAAP for governmental units. The more significant of the City's accounting policies are described below.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The financial reporting entity consists of (a) the primary government, (b) organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and (c) other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

In evaluating how to define the City, for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include any potential component units in the financial reporting entity was made by applying the criteria set forth in GASB Statement No. 14 as amended by GASB Statements No. 39 and No. 61. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are in substance part of the government's operations.

NOTE 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

A. Financial Reporting Entity (continued)

The basic, but not the only criterion for including a potential component unit within the reporting entity is the governing body's ability to exercise oversight responsibility. The most significant manifestation of this ability is financial interdependency. Other manifestations of the ability to exercise oversight responsibility include, but are not limited to, the selection of governing authority, the designation of management, the ability to significantly influence operations, and accountability for fiscal matters. A second criterion used in evaluating potential component units is the scope of public service. Application of this criterion used to evaluate potential component units for inclusion or exclusion from the reporting entity is the existence of special financing relationships, regardless of whether the government is able to exercise oversight responsibilities. Finally, the nature and significance of a potential component unit to the primary government could warrant its inclusion within the reporting entity. Based upon the application of these criteria, the City does not have any component units required to be reported under GASB Statements No. 14, No. 39, and No. 61.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of inter-fund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities were prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets and liabilities resulting from exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets and liabilities resulting from non-exchange transactions are recognized in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 33, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Non-exchange Transactions.

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position, both the governmental and business-type activities columns (a) are presented on a consolidated basis by column, (b) and are reported on a full accrual, economic resource basis, which recognizes all long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations. The City's Net Position is reported in three parts; net investments in capital assets; restricted net position; and unrestricted net position.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

NOTE 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements (continued)

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Sales and use taxes are classified as derived tax revenues and are recognized as revenue when the underlying exchange takes place and the revenues are measurable and available. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

Program revenues included in the Statement of Activities are derived directly from the program itself or from parties outside the City's taxpayer or citizenry, as a whole; program revenues reduce the cost of the function to be financed from the City's general revenues. Program revenues are categorized as (a) charges for services, which include revenues collected for fees and use of City facilities, etc., (b) program-specific operating grants, which includes revenues received from state and federal sources to be used as specified within each program grant agreement, and (c) program-specific capital grants and contributions, which include revenues from state sources to be used for capital projects. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

NOTE 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (continued)

The City reports all direct expenses by function in the Statement of Activities. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a function. The City does not currently employ indirect cost allocation systems. Depreciation expense is allocated to separate functions on the Statement of Activities. Interest on general long-term debt is considered an indirect expense and is reported separately on the Statement of Activities.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Governmental funds are used to account for the City's general government activities, including the collection and disbursement of specific or legally restricted monies, the acquisition or construction of general fixed assets and the servicing of general long-term debt. Major governmental funds include:

The *General Fund* is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Street Improvements Capital Projects Fund 309 accounts for improvements to streets. Resources for the various projects are provided by the New Mexico State Highway and Transportation Department, state appropriations, federal appropriations, City matching contributions and transfers from the General Fund and Joint Utility Fund.

Capital Projects Fund 311 accounts for capital grants and related capital expenditures to City property and equipment.

The City reports the following proprietary funds as major funds:

The *Joint Utility fund* accounts for the activities of the City's natural gas, water, waste water, solid waste, landfill, and recycling operations.

As a general rule, the effect of inter-fund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments-in-lieu of taxes and other charges between the government's enterprise funds and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported in the Statement of Activities.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services in connection with the fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenue of the City's enterprise fund is charges for utility services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of services, administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

NOTE 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources, Net Position and Fund Balance

Cash and Cash Equivalents: The City's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

State statutes authorize the City to invest in certificates of deposit, interest-bearing savings accounts, bonds or other obligations of the U.S. Government, which is guaranteed as to principal and interest by the U.S. government and the State Treasurer's Investment Pool.

Receivables and Payables: Activity between funds that is representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds or internal balances" (i.e., the current portion of inter-fund loans) or "advances to/from other funds or internal balances" (i.e., the non-current portion of inter-fund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources in the event they are not received within 60 days of year end.

All receivables are reported at their gross value and, where appropriate, are reduced by the estimated portion that is expected to be uncollectible. In the government-wide and governmental fund financial statements, delinquent property taxes are recorded when levied. Property taxes are considered 100% collectible. The allowance for doubtful accounts for customer receivables is calculated based on the aging of the customer accounts receivable and the City's historical experience with these receivables.

Prepaid Items: Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and proprietary financial statements. As of June 30, 2022 the City had no prepaid expenses.

Inventory: Inventories in governmental funds consist of expendable supplies held for consumption and are valued at cost using a first-in, first-out (FIFO) method. Expendable supplies are accounted for using the consumption method. Proprietary fund inventories are recorded at the lower of cost or market on a first-in, first-out basis, and consist of operating supplies held for use in operations and are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

Lease Receivables – GASB 87: The City recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources at the commencement of all lease term, with certain exceptions for leases of assets held as investments, certain regulated leases, short-term leases, and leases that transfer ownership of the underlying asset. The City did not derecognize the asset underlying the lease. The lease receivable is measured at the present value of lease payments expected to be received during the lease term. The deferred inflow of resources is measured at the value of the lease receivable plus any payments received at or before the commencement of the lease term that relate to future periods. The City recognized interest revenue on the lease receivable and an inflow of resources (for example, revenue) from the deferred inflows of resources in a systematic and rational manner over the term of the lease.

NOTE 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources, Net Position and Fund Balance (continued)

Capital Assets: Capital assets, which include property, plant, utility systems, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Information Technology Equipment including software is being capitalized and included in furniture, fixtures and equipment in accordance with NMAC 2.20.1.9 C (5). Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed. The City implemented GASB 89 and interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period was recognized as an expense in the period in which the cost is incurred.

Property, plant, and equipment of the primary government are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset	Years		
Buildings	5-40		
Equipment	5-20		
Plant and Infrastructure	5-40		

Accrued Expenses: Accrued expenses are comprised of payroll expenditures based on amounts earned by the employees through June 30, 2022, along with applicable PERA and Retiree Health Care.

Unearned Revenues: There are two types of deferred revenue. Under both the accrual and modified accrual basis of accounting, revenue may be recognized only when it is earned. If assets are recognized in connection with a transaction before the earnings process is complete, those assets must be offset by a corresponding liability for deferred revenue (commonly referred to as unearned revenue). The other type of deferred revenue is "unavailable revenue." Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, it is not enough that revenue has been earned if it is to be recognized as revenue of the current period. It must also be susceptible to accrual (measurable and available to finance expenditures of the current fiscal period). If assets are recognized in connection with a transaction, but those assets are not yet available to finance expenditures of the current fiscal period, then the assets must be offset by a corresponding liability for deferred revenue.

NOTE 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources, Net Position and Fund Balance (continued)

Inflows of Resources Governmental Funds: Deferred inflows are reported in the balance sheet for governmental funds regarding property tax revenue, real estate contract receivable and rent receivables. These amounts are deferred and recognized as revenue in that period that the amounts become available.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Government Wide Statement of Net Position: In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a recognized consumption of net position that applies to future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. Also, in addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City reports deferred outflows and deferred inflows for pension liabilities, and retirement healthcare (OPEB liabilities).

Compensated Absences: Vacation and sick leave earned and not taken is cumulative; however, upon termination of employment, sick pay for such leave hours accumulated is forfeited. A maximum of 120 hours of annual vacation leave may be carried forward at the end of a calendar year. Upon retirement, payment for sick leave is limited to 500 hours accumulated in excess of 600 hours, at 50% of the individual's hourly rate. Accrued vacation and sick leave pay are recorded as a liability and as an increase or decrease in expenses in the government-wide financial statements.

Employees earn vacation leave at various rates depending on the employee's length of service based on the following total years of services:

Service	Accumulation
0-5	96 Hours
6 - 19	144 Hours
20 or More	160 Hours

Vested or accumulated vacation leave that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources are reported as expenditures and a fund liability of the governmental or proprietary fund that will pay it. In prior years, substantially all of the related expenditures have been liquidated by the general fund. Amounts of vested or accumulated vacation leave that are not expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources are reported in the government-wide statement of net position.

Long-term Obligations: In the government-wide fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

NOTE 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources, Net Position and Fund Balance (continued)

Net Position: The government-wide financial statements utilize a net position presentation. Net position is categorized as follows:

<u>Net Investment in Capital Assets</u> - Net investment in capital assets consist of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

<u>Restricted Net Position</u> – Consist of net position with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulation of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Unrestricted Net Position</u> – All other net position that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "investment in capital assets, net of related debt."

Fund Balance: During 2009, GASB adopted Statement No. 54 to clarify the fund balance reporting guidelines of GASB 54. The fund balance reporting established by GASB 54 must be followed by all five of the governmental-type funds used by state and local governments. Based on the requirements of GASB 54, the total fund balance can be conceptually separated into two primary components: 1) Non-spendable fund balance and 2) Spendable fund balance. Fund balance is reported in these five classifications:

<u>Non-spendable</u> – the non-spendable balance includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form or legally, contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash; it also includes the long-term amount of inter-fund loans.

<u>Restricted</u> – Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors or laws and regulations of other governments or are imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Committed</u> – This fund balance amount has spending limitations that are constrained by the government's highest level of decision-making authority.

At June 30, 2022, the City has presented restricted and committed fund balance on the governmental funds balance sheet in the amount of \$1,585,263 for various City operations as restricted and committed by the minimum fund balance in the General Fund and enabling legislation in the special revenue funds, debt service, and for capital projects. The details of these fund balance items are located on the governmental funds balance sheet as detailed on pages 18 and 19.

NOTE 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources, Net Position and Fund Balance (continued)

<u>Assigned</u> – The assigned fund balance classification is intended to be used for specific purposes such as special revenue funds, capital project funds, debt service funds, and permanent funds.

<u>Unassigned</u> – Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund and includes all spendable amount not contained in other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed or assigned.

<u>Minimum Fund Balance Policy</u>: The City's policy for maintaining a minimum amount of fund balance for operations is to minimize any sudden and unplanned discontinuity to programs and operations and for unforeseen contingencies. At a minimum, the budget shall ensure that the City holds cash reserves of 1/12th the General Fund expenditures for the upcoming budget year. The City has presented committed fund balance on the governmental funds balance sheet in the amount of \$669,810 to meet minimum fund balance requirements for the General Fund.

The City applies restricted resources first when outlays are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

Inter-fund Transactions: Quasi-external transactions are accounted for as revenues, expenditures or expenses. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund from expenditures/expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund, are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures/expenses in the fund that is reimbursed.

All other inter-fund transactions, except quasi-external transactions and reimbursements are reported as transfers. Nonrecurring or non-routine permanent transfers of equity are reported as residual equity transfers. All other inter-fund transfers are reported as operating transfers.

Tax Revenues: The City receives mill levy and ad-valorem tax revenues. Property taxes are assessed on January 1st of each year and are payable in two equal installments, on November 10th of the year in which the tax bill is prepared and May 10th of the following year with the levies becoming delinquent 30 days (one month) thereafter. The City recognizes tax revenues in the period for which they are levied in the government-wide financial statements. The City records only the portion of the taxes considered 'measurable' and 'available' in the governmental fund financial statements.

Estimates: The preparation of financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates. Significant estimates in the City's financial statements include the allowance for uncollectible accounts in the enterprise funds, the current portion of accrued compensated absences, the net pension liability the net OPEB liability and related amounts, and the useful lives of capital assets.

NOTE 2. Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

Budgetary Information

Annual budgets of the City are prepared prior to June 1 and must be approved by resolution of the City Councilors, and submitted to the Department of Finance and Administration for State approval. Once the budget has been formally approved, any amendments must also be approved by the City Councilors and the Department of Finance and Administration. A separate budget is prepared for each fund. Line items within each budget may be over-expended; however, it is not legally permissible to over-expend any budget in total as the legal level of budgetary control is at the fund level.

These budgets are prepared on the Non-GAAP cash basis, excluding encumbrances, and secure appropriation of funds for only one year. Carryover funds must be re-appropriated in the budget of the subsequent fiscal year.

The budgetary information presented in these financial statements has been amended in accordance with the above procedures.

Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, Debt Service Funds, and Capital Projects Funds. The City is required to balance its budgets each year. Accordingly, amounts that are in excess or deficient are presented as changes in cash designated for expenditures, not as an excess or deficiency of revenues over expenditures. The City Council may approve amendments to the appropriated budget, which are required when a change is made affecting budgeted ending fund balance.

The accompanying Statements of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget (non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) and Actual presents comparisons of the legally adopted budget with actual data on a budgetary basis.

Since accounting principles applied for purposes of developing data on a budgetary basis differ significantly from those used to present financial statements in conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles, a reconciliation of resultant basis, perspective, equity, and timing differences in the excess (deficiency) of revenues and other sources of financial resources for the year ended June 30, 2022 is presented as part of the budgetary statements.

NOTE 3. Deposits and Investments

State statutes authorize the investment of City funds in a wide variety of instruments including certificates of deposit and other similar obligations, the state investment pool, money market accounts, and United States Government obligations. The City is not aware of any invested funds that did not meet the State investment requirements as of June 30, 2022.

Deposits of funds may be made in interest or non-interest-bearing checking accounts in one or more banks or savings and loan associations within the geographical boundaries of the City. Deposits may be made to the extent that they are insured by an agency of the United States or by collateral deposited as security or by bond given by the financial institution.

The rate of interest in non-demand interest-bearing accounts shall be set by the State Board of Finance, but in no case shall the rate of interest be less than one hundred percent of the asked price on United States Treasury bills of the same maturity on the day of deposit.

NOTE 3. Deposits and Investments (continued)

Excess funds may be temporarily invested in securities which are issued by the State or by the United States government, or by their departments or agencies, and which are either direct obligations of the State or the United States or are backed by the full faith and credit of those governments.

All of the City's accounts are at an insured depository institution, including all noninterest-bearing transaction accounts, which will be insured by the FDIC up to the Standard Maximum Deposit Insurance Amount of \$250,000.

The collateral pledged is listed in the supplementary information. The types of collateral allowed are limited to direct obligations of the United States Government and all bonds issued by any agency, district or political subdivision of the State of New Mexico.

Custodial Credit Risk Deposits - is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to it. The City does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk, other than following state statutes as put forth in the Public Money Act (Section 6-10-1 to 6-10-63, NMSA 1978) that require collateral pledged for deposits in excess of the federal deposit insurance to be delivered, or a joint safekeeping receipt be issued to the City for at least one half the amount in excess of FDIC coverage on deposit with the institution.

At June 30, 2022, \$8,783,659 of the City's bank balance of \$9,131,566 was exposed to custodial credit risk, \$5,648,820 of the City's cash deposits were uninsured and collateralized by collateral held by the pledging bank's trust department, not in the City's name, and \$3,098,839 was uninsured and uncollateralized at June 30, 2022.

	Firs	t State Bank		ashington ⁻ ederal		Total
Deposits Less: FDIC Coverage	\$	9,033,659 (250,000)	\$	97,907 (97,907)	\$	9,131,566 (347,907)
Total uninsured public funds	\$	8,783,659	\$	-	\$	8,783,659
Collateralized by securities held by pledging institutions or by its trust department or agent in other than the Cityle parts.		5 004 000				F 004 000
other than the City's name	_	5,684,820	-		-	5,684,820
Uninsured and uncollateralized	\$	3,098,839	\$	-	\$	3,098,839
Collateral requirements (50% of uninsured funds) Pledged Collateral	\$	4,391,830 5,684,820	\$	-	\$	4,391,830 5,684,820
Over (under) collateralized	\$	1,292,990	\$	-	\$	1,292,990

NOTE 3. Deposits and Investments (continued)

As of June 30, 2022 the City held investments in the Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) at a market value of \$1,755,390 and a cost basis of \$1,737,390.

According to GASB Statement 40, an acceptable method for reporting interest rate risk is weighted average maturity ("WAM"). The State Treasurer's Office uses this method for reporting purposes for the LGIP. The WAM of the LGIP is identified on the monthly LGIP investment report found on the State Treasurer's Office website at www.nmsto.gov.

As of June 30, 2022, the LGIP maturities are WAM (R) at 49 days and the WAM (F) at 89 days.

New Mexico Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) investments are valued at fair value based on quoted market prices as of the valuation date. The LGIP is not SEC registered. The New Mexico State Treasurer is authorized to invest the short-term investment funds, with the advice and consent of the State Board of Finance, in accordance with Sections 6-10-10(1) through 6-10-I0(P) and Sections 6-10-10.1(A) and (E), NMSA 1978. The pool does not have unit shares. Per Section 6-10-10.(F), NMSA 1978, at the end of each month all interest earned is distributed by the State Treasurer to the contributing entities in amounts directly proportionate to the respective amounts deposited in the fund and the length of time the fund amounts were invested. Participation in the LGIP is voluntary.

Custodial Credit Risk Investments - For an investment, custodial risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are that are in the possession of an outside party. The City's policy related to investments is to comply with the state statute as put forth in the Public Money Act (Section 6-10-1 to 6-10-63, NMSA 1978).

Credit Risk --With respect to credit risk, the LGIP is rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's. Therefore, the LGIP reports AAAm for credit risk. Public funds are not required to disclose custodial credit risk for external investment pools. Therefore, the LGIP is exempt from this requirement.

Foreign Currency Risk --GASB Statement No. 40 defines foreign currency risk as the potential that changes in exchange rates may adversely affect the fair value of an investment or deposit. The LGIP does not have any foreign currency risk as all investments are denominated in US dollars.

NOTE 3. Deposits and Investments (continued)

The fair value framework uses a hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to the valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurement) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are described below:

- Level 1 Inputs to the valuation methodology are unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that the City has the ability to access.
- Level 2 Inputs to the valuation methodology include:
 - Quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets.
 - Quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in inactive markets.
 - Inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability.
 - Inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation or other means.
- Level 3 Inputs to the valuation methodology are unobservable and significant to the fair value measurement.

The asset's or liability's fair value measurement level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Valuation techniques used need to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs. See above for discussion of valuation methodologies used to measure fair value of investments.

The valuation methodologies described above may produce a fair value calculation that may not be indicative of net realizable value or reflective of future fair values. Furthermore, while the City believes its valuation methods are appropriate and consistent with other market participants, the use of different methodologies or assumptions to determine the fair value of certain financial instruments could result in a different fair value measurement at the reporting date.

All of the City's investments in New Mexico LGIP of \$1,755,390 are measured through level 1 input.

The Carrying Amount of deposits and investments shown above are included in the City's Statement of Net position as follows:

Cash and cash equivalents per Exhibit A-1 Restricted cash and cash equivlants per Exhibit A-1 Customer Deposits	\$ 10,070,977 611,537 30
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$ 10,682,544
Add: Outstanding checks Less: Outstanding deposits Less: Petty cash Less: LGIP Investments Less: Cash held at the NMFA	\$ 819,259 (39,655) (900) (1,755,390) (574,292)
Bank balance of deposits	\$ 9,131,566

NOTE 4. Accounts and Taxes Receivable

Receivables as of June 30, 2022 are as follows:

	Governmental Funds		Р	roprietary Funds	Total		
Taxes Recieveable:							
Property taxes	\$	128,879	\$	-	\$	128,879	
Gross receipts taxes		1,053,404		-		1,053,404	
Franchise taxes		16,050		-		16,050	
Gasoline taxes		15,442		-		15,442	
Lodgers taxes		72,477		-		72,477	
Other receivables:							
State and federal grants		527,742		202,920		730,662	
Real estate contract receivable		385,964		-		385,964	
Rent recieveable		309,087		-		309,087	
Total	\$	2,509,045	\$	202,920	\$	2,711,965	
Customer Receivables:							
Ambulance receivables (net)		253,693	\$	-	\$	253,693	
Customer receivables (net)		-		1,385,129		1,385,129	
Net Customer Accounts Receivables	\$	253,693	\$	1,385,129	\$	1,638,822	
Total receivables, net	\$	2,762,738	\$	1,588,049	\$	4,350,787	

Governmental receivables are deemed 100% collectible. Ambulance receivables accrued an allowance for doubtful accounts of \$758,686 and proprietary funds accrued an allowance for doubtful accounts for customer receivables of \$200,000. In accordance with GASB 33, property tax revenue receivables not collected within the period of availability was determined to be \$95,892 and ambulance receivables not collected within the period of availability was determined to be \$185,712 and are reclassified as deferred inflow of resources in the governmental fund financial statements.

The City carries three real estate contracts receivable as of June 30, 2022, totaling \$385,964. The City recognized interest income of \$11,946 and principal payments of \$10,326 for the year ended June 30, 2022, related to these contracts. Governmental fund financial statements reported a deferred inflow of resources of \$385,964, due to revenues in the governmental financial statements being recognized as soon as they are available to pay liabilities of the current period.

NOTE 5. GASB 87, Lease Receivables and Deferred Inflows of Resources

During fiscal year ending June 30, 2020 the City elected to implement GASB 87 early for leases. The City has one lease outstanding during the year the qualified as lease receivable and deferred inflows of resources under the definition of GASB 87. The City recognized a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources to account for property the City leases to other entities. The City measured the deferred inflow of resources at the initial value of the lease receivable, plus the amount of any payments received at or before the commencement of the lease term that relate to future periods (for example, the final month's rent). The City subsequently recognizes the deferred inflow of resources as revenue, if available, in a systematic and rational manner over the term of the lease.

The City had the following lease activity other than short term leases during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022:

On January 1, 1983 the City leased property to Southwest Community Health Services for a term of 99 years. The lease is for \$10,000 per year and will continue until January 1, 2082. The City recognized \$2,217 as a reduction of the lease receivable and \$7,783 in interest income related to this lease agreement during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022 in the general fund. The City uses a discount rate of 2.5% to discount the future revenues to the present value resulting a lease receivable and deferred inflows of resources in the amount of \$309,087.

NOTE 6. Transfers and Interfund Balances

Operating transfers are made to close out funds and supplement other funding sources in the normal course of operations. Operating transfers for the year ended June 30, 2022 were as follows:

Transfer In	Transfer Out	Amount
Municipal Streets	General Fund	\$ 491,731
Recreation	General Fund	248,319
Rodeo Arena	General Fund	55,500
Recreation	General Fund	10,000
Rodeo Capital Projects	General Fund	291,000
CDBG	General Fund	28,500
Joint Utility	General Fund	83,825
Municipal Street	Joint Utility	 30,000
		\$ 1,238,875

NOTE 7. Capital Assets

A summary of capital assets and changes occurring during the year ended June 30, 2022 follows (land and construction in progress is not subject to depreciation):

Governmental Activities

	Balance June 30, 2021	Additions	Deletions	CIP Transfers	Balance June 30, 2022
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress (CIP)	\$	\$- 3,344,122	\$ - -	\$- (7,129,854)	\$ 308,224 453,741
Total capital assets, not depreciated	4,547,697	3,344,122		(7,129,854)	761,965
Capital assets depreciated: Buildings Equipment Infrastructure Total capital assets, depreciated	15,548,829 4,453,813 14,080,463 34,083,105	54,255 790,827 20,668 865,750	(70,900) (70,900)	2,263,944 549,788 4,316,122 7,129,854	17,867,028 5,723,528 <u>18,417,253</u> 42,007,809
Total capital assets	38,630,802	4,209,872	(70,900)		42,769,774
Less accumulated depreciation: Buildings Equipment Infrastructure Total accumulated depreciation Capital Assets, Net	9,499,864 3,472,518 7,056,510 20,028,892 \$ 18,601,910	533,538 214,583 548,916 1,297,037	(70,900) (70,900)	- - 	10,033,402 3,616,201 7,605,426 21,255,029 \$ 21,514,745

Depreciation expense was charged to the following Governmental Activities:

Governmental Activities:

General Government	\$ 399,688
Public Safety	494,846
Public Works	146,762
Culture and Recreation	233,347
Health and welfare	22,394
	\$ 1,297,037

NOTE 7. Capital Assets (continued)

Business Type Activities

	Balance June 30, 2021	Additions Deletions		Balance June 30, 2022
Capital assets not depreciated: Land Construction in progress (CIP) Total capital assets not depreciated	\$ 331,556 5,241,204 5,572,760	\$- 6,125,686 6,125,686	\$ - (80,974) (80,974)	\$ 331,556 11,285,916 11,617,472
Capital asset depreciated: Buildings Equipment Plant and Infrastructure Total capital assets, depreciated	24,549,057 5,529,150 <u>8,778,400</u> 38,856,607	- 299,879 <u>119,005</u> 418,884	80,974 - - 80,974	24,549,057 5,910,003 8,897,405 39,356,465
Total capital assets	44,429,367	6,544,570		50,973,937
Less accumulated depreciation: Buildings Equipment Plant and Infrastructure Total accumulated depreciation	15,822,166 4,397,152 4,933,506 25,152,824	635,480 210,930 <u>312,385</u> 1,158,795	- - - -	16,457,646 4,608,082 5,245,891 26,311,619
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 19,276,543			\$ 24,662,318

NOTE 8. Long-term Debt

Governmental Activities:

During the year ended June 30, 2022, the following changes occurred in the long-term debt reported in the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position:

		lance June 30, 2021	Additions		Retirements		Balance June 30, 2022			ie Within ne Year
NMFA loans	\$	2,768,006	\$	-	\$	(175,223)	\$	2,592,783	\$	147,596
Capital leases Total Loans Payable	\$	2,768,006	\$	<u> 150,000 </u> 150,000	\$	(30,305) (205,528)	\$	119,695	\$	<u>28,557</u> 176,153
Total Loans T ayable	Ψ	2,100,000	Ψ	100,000	Ψ	(200,020)	Ψ	2,112,410	Ψ	170,100
Compensated Absences	\$	204,925	\$	160,525	\$	(146,686)	\$	218,764	\$	146,686
Total Long Term Debt	\$	2,972,931	\$	310,525	\$	(352,214)	\$	2,931,242	\$	322,839

NOTE 8. Long-term Debt (continued)

Governmental Activities (continued)

The City had the following loans outstanding in governmental funds during fiscal year 2022:

Convention Center Improvements (NMFA PPRF-4936)

On September 13, 2019 the City obtained a loan from the New Mexico Finance Authority in the amount of \$1,061,094 and bears interest at a rate of 2.38%, with payments due May 1st and November 1st. The loan is for the purposes of improvements to the City's Convention Center. Revenues pledged to service this loan are Convention Center Fees imposed by the City pursuant to Section 5-14-1 through 5-14-15 NMSA 1978 and the Tax Ordnance for the use of rooms in lodging facilities. The revenues pledged total \$1,361,915 at June 30, 2022, which is 8.65% of Convention Center fees and Lodgers Taxes at their current rate. During the year ended June 30, 2022 the City recognized a total of \$53,995 in pledged revenues, and retired \$53,995 in loan principal and interest.

Road Improvements (NMFA - PPRF- 4938)

On June 28, 2019 the City obtained a loan from the New Mexico Finance Authority in the amount of \$339,146 and bears interest at a rate of 2%, with payments due May 1st and November 1st. The Loan is for the purposes of road improvements. Revenues pledged to service this loan are solely from the one eight of one percent (.0128%) municipal infrastructure gross receipts tax imposed pursuant to section 7-19D-11 NMSA 1978 and City Ordinance No. 19-05-20. The revenues pledged total \$309,836 at June 30, 2022, which is 0.56% of gross receipt taxes at their current rate. During the year ended June 30, 2022 the City recognized a total of \$73,904 in pledged GRT revenues, and retired \$34,433 in loan principal and interest.

Rodeo Sports Facility (NMFA PPRF-2896)

The City entered into a loan agreement with the New Mexico Finance Authority (NMFA) to borrow funds for the construction of rodeo and sports facilities. The loan was finalized on June 14, 2013, with the City borrowing \$1,495,751. The note bears interest at 2.344%, with payments due in May and November of each year, maturing on May 1, 2038. Revenues pledged to service this loan agreement are from the City's Lodgers Tax revenues pursuant to the Lodgers Tax Act, Section 3-38-12 through 3-38-34. NMSA 1978, as amended. Revenues pledged total \$1,281,022 at June 30, 2022, which is 20.21% of Lodger's Taxes at their current rate. During the year ended June 30, 2022 the City recognized a total of \$88,919 in pledged lodgers tax revenues, and retired \$88,919 in loan principal and interest.

Fire Truck (NMFA PPRF-3679)

The City entered into a loan agreement with the New Mexico Finance Authority to borrow funds for the purchase of a new fire truck for the City's Fire Department. The loan was finalized on June 9, 2017, with the City borrowing \$425,976. The note bears interest at 1%, with an annual principal and interest payments due in May of each year, maturing on May 1, 2027. The payments of this loan are secured by the State Fire Allotment. Revenues pledged to service this loan agreement are from the State Fire Protection Funds made periodically by the State Treasurer pursuant to Section 59A-53-7, NMSA 1978. The revenues pledged total \$292,483 at June 30, 2022, which is 26.12% of future state fire allotment at their current rate. During the year ended June 30, 2022 the City recognized a total of \$58,246 in pledged fire allotment revenues, and retired \$58,246 in loan principal and interest.

NOTE 8. Long-term Debt (continued)

Governmental Activities (continued)

The annual requirements to amortize the above loans including interest payments as of June 30, 2022 are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending			Т	otal Debt	
June 30,	 Principal	 Interest	Service		
2023	\$ 147,596	\$ 57,923	\$	205,519	
2024	150,294	55,225		205,519	
2025	153,252	51,186		204,438	
2026	156,545	49,618		206,163	
2027	160,105	47,344		207,449	
2028-2032	540,455	197,231		737,686	
2033-2037	624,104	113,579		737,683	
2038-2042	326,655	56,744		383,399	
2043-2047	227,668	23,463		251,131	
2048-2052	 106,109	 158		106,267	
Total	\$ 2,592,783	\$ 652,471	\$	3,245,254	

Street Sweeper Capital Lease

On July 26, 2021 the City entered into a capital lease agreement to purchase a street sweeper. The loan is secured by the street sweeper and gas tax revenues are dedicated to the debt service requirements in fund 216 Municipal Streets. The capital lease bears interest at 3.125%, with an annual principal and interest payments due on January 18 of each year of \$32,297, maturing on January 18, 2022 with the asset title passing to the City. Total revenues dedicated to service this capital lease agreement as of June 30, 2022 equal \$129,189 which is 27.6% of gas tax revenues at their current rate. During Fiscal year 2022 the City recognized a total of \$32,297 in dedicated gas tax revenues, and retired \$32,297 in capital lease principal and interest.

The annual requirements to amortize the above capital lease including interest payments as of June 30, 2022 are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending				Тс	otal Debt				
June 30,	Principal		Principal		Principal		 Interest		Service
2023	\$	28,557	\$ 3,740	\$	32,297				
2024		29,449	2,848		32,297				
2025		30,370	1,928		32,298				
2026		31,319	 979		32,298				
	\$	119,695	\$ 9,495	\$	129,190				

A summary of the NMFA loans and capital lease outstanding in governmental activities at June 30, 2022 are as follows:

				C	Current		
Description	Date of Issue	Maturity	Interest Rate	Original Issue	Balance June 30, 2022	P	Portion
NMFA PPRF-4936 Convention Center Loan	13-Sep-19	1-May-49	2.38%	\$ 1,061,094	\$ 990,403	\$	27,391
NMFA PPRF-4938 Road Improvements	28-Jun-19	1-May-39	2.00%	\$ 339,146	257,747		11,980
NMFA PPRF-2896 Rodeo Sports Facility	1-Jun-13	1-May-38	2.34%	\$ 1,495,751	1,057,526		52,974
NMFA PPRF-3679 Fire Truck	1-Jun-17	1-May-27	1.09%	\$ 425,976	287,107		55,251
Street Sweeper Capital Lease	26-Jul-21	18-Jan-26	3.13%	\$ 150,000	119,695		28,557
					\$ 2,712,478	\$	176,153

NOTE 8. Long-term Debt (continued)

Business-Type Activities

The Joint Utility has incurred various forms of debt which were used for the purposes of constructing, expanding, repairing and making improvements to its property, plant, and equipment. The following schedule shows the changes to its various forms of debt during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022:

	Bala	ince June 30, 2021	Additions	F	Retirements	June	Balance e 30, 2022		ue Within)ne Year
NMFA loans NMED loans	\$	2,251,152 1.049.876	\$ -	\$	(435,234) (72,127)	\$	1,815,918 977,749	\$	351,664 72,127
USDA bonds payable		1,617,400	- 6,424,000		(97,896)		7,943,504		145,648
Rual Community Assistance Co. LOC		3,854,614	4,622,770		(6,178,910)		2,298,474		-
Capital leases Total bonds and loans payable	\$	<u>63,952</u> 8.836.994	\$ - 11.046.770	\$	(13,216) (6,797,383)	\$	<u>50,736</u> 13,086,381	\$	<u>13,768</u> 583,207
			 		(0,000,000)			<u> </u>	
Compensated Absences	\$	150,887	\$,	\$	(89,778)	\$	157,849	\$	89,778
Landfill closure liability Total	\$	<u>1,568,545</u> 141,160	\$ 155,595 252,335	\$	- (89,778)	\$	<u>1,724,140</u> 1,881,989	\$	- 89,778
Total Long Term Debt	\$	8,978,154	\$ 11,299,105	\$	(6,887,161)	\$	14,968,370	\$	672,985

The Joint Utility had the following loans outstanding in the Joint Utility during fiscal year 2022:

Tractor Trailer Scraper (NMFA PPRF- 4883)

The City entered into a loan agreement with the New Mexico Finance Authority to borrow funds for the purchase of a Tractor Trailer Scraper. The loan was finalized on March 1, 2019, with the City borrowing \$327,244. The note bears interest at 1.46%. Principal payments on the loan are due on May 1st and interest payments are due May and November 1st, maturing on May 1, 2023. Revenues pledged for the payment of this loan are the net system revenues of the Joint Utility of the City per City resolution No. 19-02-19b. The revenues pledged total \$84,921 at June 30, 2022, which is 47.14% of the Joint Utility's net revenues at their current rate. During the year ended June 30, 2021 the City recognized \$793,931 in pledged Joint Utility revenues, and retired \$100,223 in loan principal and interest.

Landfill Improvements (NMFA PPRF-2268)

The City entered into a loan agreement with the New Mexico Finance Authority to borrow funds for a new landfill cell. The loan was finalized on May 15, 2009, with the City borrowing \$1,093,740. The loan has a blended interest rate of 3.588%. Principal and interest payments on the loan are due May 1st and November 1st, maturing on May 1, 2029. Revenues pledged for the payment of this loan are the net system revenues of the Joint Utility of the City per City Ordnance No. 9-3-16 adopted April 2, 2009. The revenues pledged total \$543,023 at June 30, 2022, which is 43.99% of the Joint Utility net revenues at their current rate. During the year ended June 30, 2022 the City recognized \$793,931 in pledged Joint Utility revenues, and retired \$93,517 in loan principal and interest.

NOTE 8. Long-term Debt (continued)

Business-Type Activities (continued)

Drinking Water Replacement of Meter Readers (NMFA DW-2707)

The City entered into a loan agreement with the New Mexico Finance Authority for the purpose of replacing manual-read meters with a drive-by / walk-by automated meter reading system. The loan was finalized on May 28, 2013 with the City borrowing \$185,130. The loan bears interest at 0.25% and payments of \$18,589 are due annually in June, maturing in June of 2024. Revenues pledged for the payment of this loan are the net system revenues of the Joint Utility of the City per City Resolution No. 13-04-15 adopted April 15, 2013. The revenues pledged total \$37,177 at June 30, 2022, which is 8.74% of the Joint Utility net revenues at their current rate. During the year ended June 30, 2022 the City recognized \$793,713 in pledged Joint Utility revenues, and retired \$18,589 in loan principal and interest.

Drinking Water System Improvement Project (NMFA DW-2866)

The City entered into a loan agreement with the New Mexico Finance Authority to finance the design, acquisition, construction, improvement, expansion, and repair of drinking water systems for the community. The Loan was finalized on June 28, 2012, with a maximum loan amount of \$484,000. The loan bears an interest rate of 0.25%, and matures in April of 2036. Revenues pledged for the payment of this loan are the net system revenues of the Joint Utility of the City per City Resolution No. 13-05-20a adopted May 20, 2013. The revenues pledged total \$348,401 at June 30, 2022, which is 11.70% of the Joint Utility net revenues at their current rate. During the year ended June 30, 2022 the City recognized \$793,713 in pledged Joint Utility revenues, and retired \$24,882 in loan principal and interest.

Gas Valve Project (NMFA PPRF-3491)

The City entered into a loan agreement with the New Mexico Finance Authority for the purpose of financing costs associated with natural gas transmission line replacement. The loan was finalized September 30, 2016 with the City borrowing \$811,138. The loan has a blended rate of 0.25%. Principal and interest payments on the loan are due May 1st and November 15 maturing on May 1, 2031. Revenues pledged for the payment of this loan are the net system revenues of the Joint Utility of the City per City Resolution No. 16-07-20b adopted August 15, 2016. The revenues pledged total \$511,842 at June 30, 2022, which is 39.38% of the Joint Utility net revenues at their current rate. During the year ended June 30, 2022 the City recognized \$793,713 in pledged Joint Utility revenues, and retired \$70,047 in loan principal and interest.

Dumpster Loan (NMFA PPRF- 4930)

The City entered into a loan agreement with the New Mexico Finance Authority to borrow funds for the purchase of new commercial dumpsters for the solid waste department. The loan was finalized on June 14, 2019, with the City borrowing \$150,000. The note bears interest at 1%. Principal payments on the loan are due on May 1st and interest payments are due May 1st and November 1st, maturing on May 1, 2024. Revenues pledged for the payment of this loan are the net system revenues of the Joint Utility per City resolution No. 19-05-06a. The revenues pledged total \$62,142 at June 30, 2022, which is 17% of the Joint Utility net revenues at their current rate. During the year ended June 30, 2022 the City recognized \$793,713 in pledged Joint Utility revenues, and retired \$26,000 in loan principal and interest.

NOTE 8. Long-term Debt (continued)

Business-Type Activities (continued)

Water System Improvements (NMFA PPRF-5242)

The City entered into a loan agreement with the New Mexico Finance Authority for the purpose of making water system improvements. The loan was finalized on October 30, 2020 with the City borrowing \$250,000. The loan bears interest at 0.46% and payments of \$50,000 are due annually in May of each year, with the loan maturing in May of 2025. Revenues pledged for the payment of this loan are the net system revenues of the Joint Utility of the City per City Resolution No. 20-09-19 adopted September 14, 2020. The revenues pledged total \$200,000 at June 30, 2022, which is 23.73% of the Joint Utility net revenues at their current rate. During the year ended June 30, 2022 the City recognized \$793,713 in pledged revenues, and retired \$50,400 in loan principal and interest.

Water System Improvements (NMFA PPRF-5323)

The City entered into a loan agreement with the New Mexico Finance Authority for the purpose of making water system improvements to evergreen well. The loan was finalized on October 30, 2020 with the City borrowing \$150,000. The loan bears interest at 0.46% and payments of \$30,478 are due annually in May of each year, with the loan maturing in May of 2026. Revenues pledged for the payment of this loan are the net system revenues of the Joint Utility of the City per City Resolution No. 20-09-19 adopted September 14, 2020. The revenues pledged total \$121,676 at June 30, 2022, which will be 28.38% of the Joint Utility net revenues at their current rate. During the year ended June 30, 2022 the City recognized \$793,713 in pledged Joint Utility revenues, and retired \$30,487 in loan principal and interest.

Wastewater Treatment Plant Improvements (CWSRF 14)

The City entered into a loan agreement with the New Mexico Environment Department for the purpose of improving the wastewater facilities of the City. The loan was finalized on December 19, 2011 with the City borrowing \$75,075. The loan bears no interest and principal payments of \$3,757 are due annually in December, with the loan maturing in December 2029. Revenues pledged for the payment of this loan are the net revenues of the City's Joint Utility. The revenues pledged total \$26,276 at June 30, 2022, which is 1.77% of the Joint Utility net revenues at their current rate. During the year ended June 30, 2022 the City recognized \$793,713 in pledged Joint Utility revenues, and retired \$3,754 in loan principal.

Wastewater Collection System Expansion (CWSRF 22)

The City entered into a loan agreement with the New Mexico Environment Department for the purpose of wastewater system expansion to residents who are currently using aged septic tanks and other systems for their wastewater disposal. The loan was finalized May 6, 2015 with the City borrowing \$950,000. The loan bears interest at 0% with annual payments of \$47,500, maturing March 1, 2035. Revenues pledged for the payment of this loan are the net revenues of the City's Joint Utility. The revenues pledged total \$617,500 at June 30, 2022, which is 22.34% of the Joint Utility net revenues at their current rate. During the year ended June 30, 2022 the City recognized \$793,713 in pledged Joint Utility revenues, and retired \$47,500 in loan principal.

NOTE 8. Long-term Debt (continued)

Business-Type Activities (continued)

Clean Water State Revolving Fund (CWSRF 25)

The City entered into a loan agreement with the New Mexico Environment Department for the purpose construction of the wastewater facility improvements. The loan was finalized April 12, 2018 with the City borrowing \$417,635. The loan does not charge interest and principal payments on the loan are due February 27th of each year, maturing on February 27, 2038. Revenues pledged for the payment of this loan are the net revenues of the City's Joint Utility. The revenues pledged total \$333,973 at June 30, 2022, which is 9.82% of the Joint Utility net revenues at their current rate. During the year ended June 30, 2022 the City recognized \$793,713 in pledged Joint Utility revenues, and retired \$20,873 in loan principal.

A summary of all the loans outstanding in the Joint Utility at June 30, 2022 are as follows:

				Amount of	Bala	Balance June 30,		Current	
Description	Date of Issue	Maturity	Interest Rate	Original Issu	e	2022		Portion	
NMFA PPRF-4883 Tractor Trailer Scraper	1-Mar-19	1-May-23	1.46%	\$ 327,24	4 \$	83,986	\$	83,986	
NMFA PPRF-2268 Landfill Improvements	15-May-09	1-May-29	3.59%	1,093,74	0	461,292		58,452	
NMFA DW-2707 Meter Readers	28-May-13	1-Jun-24	0.25%	185,13	0	37,038		18,492	
NMFA DW-2866 Drinking Water System	1-Jun-14	1-Apr-36	0.25%	484,40	0	341,896		24,027	
NMFA PPRF-3491 Gas Valve Project	1-Sep-16	1-May-31	0.1-2%	811,13	8	509,178		55,754	
NMFA PPRF -4930 Dumpster Loan Agreement	14-Jun-19	1-May-24	1.00%	150,00	0	62,049		31,009	
NMFA PPRF-5242 Water System Improvements	30-Oct-20	1-May-25	0.46%	250,00	0	200,000		50,000	
NMFA PPRF-5323 Water System / Evergreen Well	30-Oct-20	1-May-26	0.46%	150,00	0	120,479		29,944	
NMED - AARA CWSRF 14 Waste Water Plant Improvements	19-Dec-11	5-Apr-30	0.00%	75,07	5	26,276		3,754	
NMED - CWSRF 22 Wastewater Collection System	6-May-15	1-Mar-35	0.00%	950,00	0	617,500		47,500	
NMED - CWSRF 25 Clean Water State Revolving	12-Apr-18	27-Feb-38	0.00%	\$ 417,63	5	333,973		20,873	
					\$	2,793,667	\$	423,791	

The Annual requirements to amortize the above loans in the Joint Utility including interest payments as of June 30, 2022 are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending			-	Fotal Debt
June 30,	Principal	Interest		Service
2023	\$ 423,791	\$ 22,230	\$	446,021
2024	342,961	18,707		361,668
2025	295,960	16,044		312,004
2026	298,770	13,235		312,005
2027	221,303	10,215		231,518
2028-2032	844,235	12,425		856,660
2033-2037	345,774	679		346,453
2038-2042	 20,873	 -		20,873
Total	\$ 2,793,667	\$ 93,535	\$	2,887,202

NOTE 8. Long-term Debt (continued)

Business-Type Activities (continued)

The Joint Utility had the following bonds outstanding during fiscal year 2022:

USDA 11A - Wastewater Revenue Bonds Series 2010

On February 19, 2010 the City Issued \$132,000 of revenue bonds to the USDA for the purpose of improving and extending the waste water component of the Joint Utility System. The bonds bear interest at 2.625%. Principal and interest payments on the bonds are due annually on February 19th and the bonds mature on February 19, 2050. Revenues pledged for the payment of these bonds are the net system revenues of the Joint Utility System. The Bonds were issued persistent to City Bond Ordnance NO. 09-11-25. Revenues pledged total \$158,200 at June 30, 2022, which is 2.51% of the Joint Utility net revenues at their current rate. During the year ended June 30, 2022 the City recognized \$793,713 in pledged Joint Utility revenues, and retired \$5,346 in loan principal and interest.

USDA 13 - Wastewater Revenue Bonds Series 2011A

On August 4, 2011 the City Issued \$515,000 of revenue bonds to the USDA for the purpose of constructing, enlarging, improving and extending the waste water system component of the Joint Utility System. The Ioan was finalized on August 4, 2011. The bonds bear interest at 2.5%. Payments on the bonds are due on August 4 and maturing on August 4, 2051. Revenues pledged for the payment of these bonds are the net system revenues of the Joint Utility System. The Bonds were issued persistent to City Bond Ordnance NO. 11-01-18a. Revenues pledged total \$615,100 at June 30, 2022, which is 9.87% of the Joint Utility net revenues at their current rate. During the year ended June 30, 2022 the City recognized \$793,713 in pledged Joint Utility revenues, and retired \$20,975 in Ioan principal and interest.

USDA 16 – Arsenic Revenue Bonds Series 2013A

On January 18, 2013 the City Issued \$1,230,000 of revenue bonds to the USDA for the purpose of constructing, enlarging, improving and extending the arsenic treatment facility component of the Joint Utility System. The loan was finalized on January 4, 2015. The bonds bear interest at 2.5%. Payments on the bonds are due on January 8th and maturing on January 1, 2052. Revenues pledged for the payment of these bonds are the net system revenues of the Joint Utility System. The bonds were issued under and persistent to City Bond Ordnance NO. 11-01-18F. Revenues pledged total \$1,529,750 at June 30, 2022, which is 21.99% of the net Joint Utility revenues at their current rate. During the year ended June 30, 2022 the City recognized \$793,713 in pledged Joint Utility revenues, and retired \$46,750 in loan principal and interest.

NOTE 8. Long-term Debt (continued)

Business-Type Activities (continued)

USDA Bond Series 2021 A

On November 4, 2021 the City Issued \$4,950,000 of revenue bonds to the USDA for the purpose of providing perinate funding for the construction of a Waste Water Reclamation Facility. The bonds bear interest at 1.75% and payment of approximately \$14,347 is due on the 4th day of each month and maturing on November 4, 2061. Revenues pledged for the payment of these bonds are the net system revenues of the Joint Utility System. The bonds were issued under and persistent to City Ordnance NO. 21-11-01. Revenues pledged total \$6,785,674 at June 30, 2022, which is 80.94% of the net Joint Utility revenues at their current rate. During the year ended June 30, 2022 the City recognized \$793,713 in pledged Joint Utility revenues, and retired \$100,345 in loan principal and interest.

USDA Bonds Series 2021 B

On November 4, 2021 the City Issued \$1,474,000 of revenue bonds to the USDA for the purpose of providing perinate funding for the construction of a Waste Water Reclamation Facility. The bonds bear interest at 1.75% and payment of approximately \$4,272 is due on the 4th day of each month and maturing on November 4, 2061. Revenues pledged for the payment of these bonds are the net system revenues of the Joint Utility System. The bonds were issued under and persistent to City Ordnance NO. 21-11-01. Revenues pledged total \$2,020,730 at June 30, 2022, which is 24.12% of the net Joint Utility revenues at their current rate. During the year ended June 30, 2022 the City recognized \$793,713 in pledged Joint Utility revenues, and retired \$100,345 in loan principal and interest.

A summary of all the bonds outstanding in the Joint Utility at June 30, 2022 are as follows:

				A	mount of		Current
Description	Date of Issue	Maturity	Interest Rate	Ori	ginal Issue	Balance June 30, 2022	Portion
USDA - 11A JU System Improvement Bonds - Series 2011A	4-Aug-11	4-Aug-51	2.50%	\$	515,000	\$ 105,900	\$ 2,600
USDA - 13 Arsenic Bonds - Series 2013A	10-Feb-10	19-Feb-50	2.63%	\$	132,000	429,000	10,000
USDA - 16 W/W Revenue Bonds - Series 2010	18-Jan-13	1-Jan-52	2.50%	\$	1,230,000	1,050,000	20,000
USDA Bond Series 2021A Revenue Bond	4-Nov-21	4-Nov-21	1.75%	\$	4,950,000	4,899,740	87,109
USDA Bond Series 2021B Revenue Bond	4-Nov-21	4-Nov-21	1.75%	\$	1,474,000	1,458,864	25,939
						\$ 7,943,504	\$ 145,648

The Annual requirements to amortize the above bonds in the Joint Utility including interest payments as of June 30, 2022 are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending				Total Debt
June 30,	 Principal	Interest		 Service
2023	\$ 145,648	\$	150,228	\$ 295,876
2024	147,644		147,434	295,078
2025	149,773		144,604	294,377
2026	152,938		141,639	294,577
2027	155,140		138,637	293,777
2028-2032	862,446		645,439	1,507,885
2033-2037	931,938		558,497	1,490,435
2038-2042	1,026,165		464,471	1,490,636
2043-2047	1,137,415		359,021	1,496,436
2048-2052	1,236,320		243,566	1,479,886
2055-2057	1,049,461		129,176	1,178,637
2058-2062	 948,616		37,838	 986,454
	\$ 7,943,504	\$	3,160,550	\$ 11,104,054

NOTE 8. Long-term Debt (continued)

Business-Type Activities (continued)

Construction Loan

RCAC Construction Loan

On May 13, 2019 the City obtained a construction loan from Rural Community Assistance Corporation for the purpose of constructing and improving the Waste Water Collection System. The Maximum amount of credit extended to the City on this construction loan is \$4,950,000. During the fiscal year 2022 the City drew an additional \$1,475,664 related to capital improvements to the waste water collection system on this loan. At June 30, 2022 the City's total draws on this line of credit was \$2,298,474. This line of credit accrues intertest at 5% compounded monthly. Once construction is complete the City will refinance these construction loans with the USDA for \$4,950,000 over a 40-year term. The City has pledged revenues from the waste water system to service this debt when construction is completed. Upon completion of construction total revenues pledged are estimated to be approximately \$9,204,409 at an interest rate of 3.5%. The Debt service for this loan if paid monthly at a term over 40 years and an interest rate of 3.5% will be \$19,175.85 per month or \$230,110.23 per year which will be approximately 108.24% of the Joint Utility revenues at their current rate. The City expects this project to be completed and refinanced with the USDA approximately in December of 2022.

The Joint Utility had the following capital lease agreements outstanding during fiscal year 2022:

KS State Bank Dump Truck

On October 3, 2018 the City entered into a capital lease agreement with Kansas State Bank for \$93,777 for the purpose of purchasing an International MV607 with a six-yard dump body. The capital lease agreement bears interest at a rate of 4.4%. Monthly payments are due in the amount of \$1,299.37 which consists of interest and principal. The capital lease agreement will be paid in full on January 15, 2026. Revenues pledged for the payment of this capital lease are the net system revenues of the Joint Utility System. Revenues pledged total \$54,551 at June 30, 2022, which is 7.33% of the Joint Utility net revenues at their current rate. During the year ended June 30, 2022 the City recognized \$793,713 in pledged joint Utility revenues, and retired \$15,592 in loan principal and interest.

NOTE 8. Long-term Debt (continued)

Business-Type Activities (continued)

Capital Lease Agreement

A summary of the capital leases outstanding in the Joint Utility at June 30, 2022 are as follows:

						Bala	ance June 30,	C	Current
Description	Date of Issue	Maturity	Interest Rate	Origi	nal Issue		2022	F	Portion
KS State Bank Dump Truck	3-Oct-18	26-Jan-26	4.40%	\$	93,777	\$	50,736	\$	13,768
						\$	50,736	\$	13,768

The Annual requirements to amortize the above capital leases in the Joint Utility including interest payments as of June 30, 2022 are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending				Т	otal Debt
June 30,	F	Principal	 Interest		Service
2023	\$	13,768	\$ 1,824	\$	15,592
2024		14,343	1,249		15,592
2025		14,943	650		15,593
2026		7,682	 92		7,774
Total	\$	50,736	\$ 3,815	\$	54,551

Landfill Closure and Post Closure Costs

State and Federal law regulations require the City to place a final cover on its landfill site when it stops accepting waste and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the site for thirty years after closure. Although closure and post closure care will be paid only near or after the date that the landfill stops accepting waste, the City reports a portion of these closure and post closure care costs as an operating expense in each period based on landfill capacity used as of each balance sheet date. On February 2, 2022 the City performing post closure operations as they used the landfill up to that date, resulting the City's engineer modifying the estimated liability from the previous year's estimate of \$1,568,545 to \$1,724,140. The \$1,724,140 reported as landfill closure liability (includes estimated closure construction, post-closure maintenance, environmental monitoring, and phase I and phase II assessment) at June 30, 2022, represents the cumulative amount reported to date based on management's estimates and on the area used by the landfill. Actual costs may differ due to inflation and changes in technology and regulations.

NOTE 9. Commitments

The City had the flowing commitments to complete projects under construction as of June 30, 2022:

Governmental Activiites / CIP						
Description						
Convention Center	\$	100,000				
Finley Gym Restoration		924,000				
Bullock AVE		270,000				
Roads		340,000				
Sedillo Park Swimming Pool		45,000				
Cuba Road		910,000				
	\$	2,589,000				
Business-type Activiites / J	oint Utility	/ CIP				
Description						
Waste Water Facility	\$	1,454,266				
Waste Water Lines		1,111,582.15				
	\$	2,565,848				

NOTE 10. Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions and natural disasters for which the government carries commercial insurance. The City participates in the New Mexico Mutual for workers' compensation claims. In addition, the City has obtained insurance through a commercial carrier operating as a common risk management and insurance program. The City pays an annual premium to a commercial carrier for its general coverage and all risk of loss is transferred.

The City had no significant reductions in insurance coverage from coverage in the prior year. In the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, there were no settlements that exceeded insurance coverage. Liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated.

NOTE 11. Other Required Disclosures

Deficit fund balances of Individual funds as of June 30, 2022 were as follows:

- Recreation Fund 217: \$(5,473)
- Rodeo Arena Fund 249 \$(2,384)

NOTE 12. Pension Plan- Public Employees Retirement Association

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan description:

The Public Employees Retirement Fund (PERA Fund) is a cost-sharing, multiple employers defined benefit pension plan. This fund has six divisions of members, including State General, State Police/Adult Correction Officer, Municipal General, Municipal Police/Detention Officers, Municipal fire, and State Legislative Divisions, and offers 24 different types of coverage within the PERA plan. All assets accumulated may be used to pay benefits, including refunds of member contributions, to any of the plan members or beneficiaries, as defined by the terms of this plan. Certain coverage plans are only applicable to a specific division. Eligibility for membership in the PERA Fund is set forth in the Public Employees Retirement Act (Chapter 10, Article 11, NMSA 1978). Except as provided for in the Volunteer Firefighters Retirement Act (10-11A-1 to 10-11A-7, NMSA 1978), the Judicial Retirement Act (10-12B-1 to 10-12B-19, NMSA 1978), the Magistrate Retirement Act (10-12C-1 to 10-12C-18, NMSA 1978), and the Educational Retirement Act (Chapter 22, Article 11, NMSA 1978), and the provisions of Sections 29-4-1 through 29-4-11, NMSA 1978 governing the State Police Pension Fund, each employee and elected official of every affiliated public employer is required to be a member in the PERA Fund. PERA issues a publicly available financial report and a comprehensive annual financial report that can be obtained at http://saonm.org/.

Benefits provided

For a description of the benefits provided and recent changes to the benefits see Note 1 in the PERA audited financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021 available at <u>http://saonm.org/</u>.

Contributions

The contribution requirements of defined benefit plan members and the City are established in state statute under Chapter 10, Article 11, NMSA 1978. The contribution requirements may be amended by acts of the legislature. For the employer and employee contribution rates in effect for fiscal year 2022 for the various PERA coverage options, for both Tier I and Tier II, see the tables available in the note disclosures at:

http://osanm.org/media/audits/366 Public Employees Retirement Association 2021.pdf.

The PERA coverage options that apply to the City are: Municipal General, Municipal Police, and Municipal Fire Division. Statutorily required contributions to the pension plan from the City were \$629,231 for the year ended June 30, 2022. The City did pick-up portions of the employee's contributions.

NOTE 12. Pension Plan- Public Employees Retirement Association (continued)

Contributions. See PERA's comprehensive annual financial report for Contributions Provided descriptions.

PER	A Contril	oution Rates	and Pension F	actors In eff	ect during	FY21
		Contribution	Employer	Pension Fact		Pension Maximum
	Annual	Annual	Contribution			as a Percentage of
	Salary less		Percentage	TIER 1	TIER 2	the Final Average
Coverage	than	greater than				Salary
Plan	\$20,000	\$20,000				
a	5.400/	0.000/	STATE PLAN	2.00/	0.50/	000/
State Plan 3	7.42%	8.92%	17.24%	3.0%	2.5%	90%
M · · · 1 D1 - 1	7.0%	MUN 8.5%	ICIPAL PLANS	2.0%	2.00/	90%
Municipal Plan 1 (plan open to new	/.0%	8.5%	1.1%	2.0%	2.0%	90%
(plan open to new employers)						
employersy						
Municipal Plan 2	9.15%	10.65%	9.80%	2.5%	2.0%	90%
(plan open to new	9.1370	10.0370	9.0070	2.370	2.070	9070
employers)						
Municipal Plan 3	13.15%	14.65%	9.80%	3.0%	2.5%	90%
(plan closed to new						
employers 6/95)						
Municipal Plan 4	15.65%	17.15%	12.30%	3.0%	2.5%	90%
(plan closed to new						
employers 6/00)						
			POLICE PLAN			
Municipal Police Plan 1	7.0%	8.5%	10.70%	2.0%	2.0%	90%
Municipal Police Plan 2	7.0%	8.5%	15.70%	2.5%	2.0%	90%
Municipal Police Plan 3	7.0%	8.5%	19.20%	2.5%	2.0%	90%
Municipal Police Plan 4	12.35%	13.85%	19.20%	3.0%	2.5%	90%
Municipal Police Plan 5	16.3%	17.8%	19.20%	3.5%	3.0%	90%
		MUNICIPA	L FIRE PLANS	1 - 5		
Municipal Fire Plan 1	8.0%	9.5%	11.40%	2.0%	2.0%	90%
Municipal Fire Plan 2	8.0%	9.5%	17.9%	2.5%	2.0%	90%
Municipal Fire Plan 3	8.0%	9.5%	21.65%	2.5%	2.0%	90%
Municipal Fire Plan 4	12.8%	14.3%	21.65%	3.0%	2.5%	90%
Municipal Fire Plan 5	16.2%	17.7%	21.65%	3.5%	3.0%	90%
			ENTION OFFI		1	
Municipal Detention	16.65%	18.15%	17.30%	3.0%	3.0%	90%
			DRRECTIONAL			
State Police and Adult	7.6%	9.1%	25.50%	3.0%	3.0%	90%
Correctional Officer						
Plan 1						
State Plan 3 - Peace	7.42%	8.92%	16.99%	3.0%	3.0%	90%
Officer						
Juvenile Correctional	4.78%	6.28%	26.12%	3.0%	3.0%	90%
Officer Plan 2						

NOTE 12. Pension Plan- Public Employees Retirement Association (continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions:

The PERA pension liability amounts, net pension liability amounts, and sensitivity information were based on an annual actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2021. The PERA pension liability amounts for each division were rolled forward from the valuation date to the Plan year ending June 30, 2021, using generally accepted actuarial principles. Therefore, the employer's portion was established as of the measurement date June 30, 2022.

The assets of the PERA fund are held in one trust, but there are six distinct membership groups (municipal general members, municipal police members, municipal fire members, state general members, state police members and legislative members) for whom separate contribution rates are determined each year pursuant to chapter 10, Article 11 NMSA 1978. Therefore, the calculations of the net pension liability, pension expense and deferred inflows and outflows were performed separately for each of the membership groups: municipal general members; municipal police members; municipal fire members; state general members; state police members and legislative members. The City's proportion of the net pension liability for each membership group that the employer participates in is based on the employer contributing entity's percentage of that membership group's total employer contributions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. Only employer contributions for the pay period end dates that fell within the period of July 1, 2020 to June 30, 2021 were included in the total contributions for a specific employer. Regular and any adjustment contributions that applied to fiscal year 2021 are included in the total contribution amounts. In the event that an employer is behind in reporting to PERA its required contributions, an estimate (receivable) was used to project the unremitted employer contributions. This allowed for fair and consistent measurement of the contributions with the total population. This methodology was used to maintain consistent measurement each year in determining the percentages to be allocated among all the participating employers.

For PERA Fund Division Municipal General, at June 30, 2022, the City reported a liability of \$3,851,579 (with an allotment for proprietary funds) for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. At June 30, 2022, the City's proportion was .3418 percent, which was slightly changed from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2021.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the City recognized PERA Fund Division Municipal General Pension expense of \$14,536. At June 30, 2022, the City reported PERA Fund Division Municipal General deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows or resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Ou	eferred tflows of sources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	95,879	\$	13,187	
Changes of assumptions		1,266		-	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		-		1,582,778	
Changes in proportion and differences between City's contributions and proportionate share of contributions		28,472		144,139	
City's contributions subsequent to the measurement date		330,733		_	
Total	\$	456,350	\$	1,740,104	

NOTE 12. Pension Plan- Public Employees Retirement Association (continued)

\$456,350 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the City contributions subsequent to the measurement date June 30, 2021 will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended	 Amount
2023	\$ (351,254)
2024	(275,777)
2025	(337,996)
2026	(649,448)
Thereafter	
Total	\$ (1,614,475)

For PERA Fund Division Municipal Police, at June 30, 2022, the City reported a liability of \$1,378,788 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. At June 30, 2022, the City's proportion was .2666 percent, which was slightly changed from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2021.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the City recognized PERA Fund Division Municipal Police pension expense of \$6,675. At June 30, 2022, the City reported PERA Fund Division Municipal Police deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows or resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Οι	Deferred Itflows of Desources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	104,239	\$	-	
Changes of assumptions		537		-	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		-		499,792	
Changes in proportion and differences between City's contributions and proportionate share of contributions		3,227		114,567	
City's contributions subsequent to the					
measurement date		151,869		-	
Total	\$	259,872	\$	614,359	

The City's contributions of \$151,869 are reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions, resulting in the City's contributions subsequent to the measurement date June 30, 2021 will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended	 Amount
2023	\$ (88,843)
2024	(108,488)
2025	(105,350)
2026	(203,821)
Thereafter	-
Total	\$ (506,502)

NOTE 12. Pension Plan- Public Employees Retirement Association (continued)

For PERA Fund Division Municipal Fire, at June 30, 2022, the City reported a liability of \$2,994,910 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. At June 30, 2022, the City's proportion was 0.4933 percent, which was slightly changed from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2021.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the City recognized PERA Fund Division Municipal Fire pension expense of \$6,511. At June 30, 2022, the City reported PERA Fund Division Municipal Fire deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows or resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Ou	eferred atflows of esources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	44,871	\$	4,157
Changes of assumptions		443		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments Changes in proportion and differences between City's		-		437,272
contributions and proportionate share of contributions City's contributions subsequent to the		268,415		73,151
measurement date		148,131		<u> </u>
Total	\$	461,860	\$	514,580

\$148,131 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting in the City's contributions subsequent to the measurement date June 30, 2021 will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended	 Amount
2023	\$ 7,718
2024	(7,806)
2025	(22,021)
2026	(178,615)
Thereafter	-
Total	\$ (200,724)

Actuarial Assumptions: The total pension liability at June 30, 2022 was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Actuarial valuation date	June 30, 2021
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Amortization method	Level percentage of pay, Open
Amortization Period	Solved for based on statutory rates
	Changes to current assumed rates of
Retirement	Retirement reduce expectations.
Disability	Lower rates for State police, Muni Male and
	Muni Police
Remaining Amortization Period	25 Years
Administrative Expenses	.5% of Payroll
Actuarial assumptions:	Fair value
Investment rate of return	7.25% Static
Payroll growth	3.00% Static
Projected salary increases	3.25%-13.5%
Post Retirement increase	1.6% Compounded anually
Mortality assumption	RPH-2014 Blue Collar Mortality
Experience study dates	July 1, 2012 to June 30, 2020

NOTE 12. Pension Plan- Public Employees Retirement Association (continued)

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a statistical analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and most recent best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

ALL FUNDS - Asset Class		Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Global Equity	35.5%	5.90%
Risk Reduction	19.5%	1.00%
Credit Oriented	15.0%	4.20%
Real Assets	20.0%	6.00%
Multi Risk Allocation	10.0%	6.40%
Total	100%	

Discount rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.25%. The projection of cash flows used to demine the discount rate assumed that future contributions will be made in accordance with statutory rates. On this basis, the pension plan's fiduciary net position together with the expected future contributions are sufficient to provide all projected future benefit payments of current plan members as determined in accordance with GASBS 67. Therefore, the 7.25% assumed long term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The following tables show the sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. In particular, the tables present the City's net pension liability in each PERA Fund Division that the City participates in, under the current single rate assumption; as if it were calculated using a discount rate one percentage point lower (6.25%) or one percentage point higher (8.25%) than the single discount rate.

PERA Fund Division Municipal Government	1%	% Decrease (6.25%)		ent Discount ate (7.25%)	19	% Increase (8.25%)
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	6,908,886	\$	3,851,579	\$	1,315,454
PERA Fund Division Municipal Police	1% DecreaseCurrent Discount(6.25%)Rate (7.25%)		1% Increase (8.25%)			
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	2,413,888	\$	1,378,788	\$	531,733
PERA Fund Division Fire Government	1% Decrease (6.25%)		Current Discount Rate (7.25%)		1% Increase (8.25%)	
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	4,134,399	\$	2,994,910	\$	2,058,410

NOTE 12. Pension Plan- Public Employees Retirement Association (continued)

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued FY21 PERA financial report. The report is available at: <u>http://www.pera.state.nm.us/publications.html.</u>

Payables to pension plan: As of June 30, 2022, the City had no outstanding amount of contributions to the pension plan.

Changes of Benefit Terms

The PERA Fund COLA and retirement eligibility benefits changes in recent years are described in Note 1 of the PERA FY21 audit available at:

http://www.pera.state.nm.us/pdf/AuditFinancialStatements/366_Public_Employees_Retirement_Asso ciati on_2021.pdf.

Changes of Assumptions

The Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) of New Mexico Annual Actuarial Valuation as of June 30, 2021 report is available at:

https://www.nmpera.org/assets/uploads/downloads/6-30-2021-PERA-Valuation-Report-FINAL.pdf

NOTE 13. Post-Employment Benefits – State Retiree Health Care Plan

Plan Description:

Employees of the City are provided with OPEB through the Retiree Health Care Fund (the Fund) - a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by the New Mexico Retiree Health Care Authority (NMRHCA). NMRHCA was formed February 13, 1990, under the New Mexico Retiree Health Care Act (the Act) of New Mexico Statutes Annotated, as amended (NMSA 1978), to administer the Fund under Section 10-7C-1-19 NMSA 1978. The Fund was created to provide comprehensive group health insurance coverage for individuals (and their spouses, dependents and surviving spouses) who have retired or will retire from public service in New Mexico.

NMRHCA is an independent agency of the State of New Mexico. The funds administered by NMRHCA are considered part of the State of New Mexico financial reporting entity and are OPEB trust funds of the State of New Mexico. NMRHCA's financial information is included with the financial presentation of the State of New Mexico.

Benefits Provided

The Fund is a multiple employer cost sharing defined benefit healthcare plan that provides eligible retirees (including terminated employees who have accumulated benefits but are not yet receiving them), their spouses, dependents and surviving spouses and dependents with health insurance and prescription drug benefits consisting of a plan, or optional plans of benefits, that can be contributions to the Fund and by co-payments or out-of-pocket payments of eligible retirees.

NOTE 13. Post-Employment Benefits – State Retiree Health Care Plan (continued)

Contributions

Employer and employee contributions to the Fund total 3% for non-enhanced retirement plans and 3.75% of enhanced retirement plans of each participating employee's salary as required by Section 10-7C-15 NMSA 1978. The contributions are established by statute and are not based on an actuarial calculation. All employer and employee contributions are non-refundable under any circumstance, including termination of the employer's participation in the Fund. Contributions to the Fund from the City were \$154,876 for the year ending June 30, 2022.

At June 30, 2022, the City reported a liability of \$3,309,763 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The City's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on actual contributions provided to the Fund for the year ending June 30, 2021. At June 30, 2022, the City's proportion was 0.10059 percent.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$(569,339). At June 30, 2022 the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Ou	eferred atflows of asources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	48,393	\$	527,838	
Changes of assumptions		662,645		1,196,597	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		-		94,872	
Changes in proportion		113,738		397,117	
City's contributions subsequent to the					
measurement date		154,876		-	
Total	\$	979,652	\$	2,216,424	

Deferred outflows of resources totaling \$154,876 which represents the City's contributions to the Fund made subsequent to the measurement date and will be recognized as a reduction of net OPEB liability in the year ending June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended	Amount
2022	\$ (577,694)
2023	(398,571)
2024	(237,439)
2025	(62,442)
2026	(115,502)
Total	\$ (1,391,648)

NOTE 13. Post-Employment Benefits – State Retiree Health Care Plan (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation using the following actuarial assumptions:

Actuarial valuation date	June 30, 2021
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal, level percent of pay
Asset valuation method	Market value of assets
Actuarial Cost:	Entry Age Cost Method
Inflation	2.3% for ERB; 2.5% for PERA
Projected payroll increase	3.25-13%
Investment rate of return	7.00 net of OPEB plan expenseand margin for
	adverse deviation including inflation
Health care cost trend	8% graded down to 4.5% over 14 years for Non-
	Medicare medical plan costs and 7.5% graded
	down to 4.5% over 12 years for Medicare
	medical plan costs
Mortality assumption	RP-2000 Combined mortality table with white
	collar adjustment (males) and GRS Southwest
	Regional Teacher Mortality Tables (femails)
	PERA members: RP-2000 combined
	healthcare mortailty.

Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a buildingblock method in which the expected future real rates of return (net of investment fees and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These returns are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage, adding expected inflation and subtracting expected investment expenses and a risk margin. The target allocation and projected arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, after deducting inflation, but before investment expenses, used in the derivation of the longterm expected investment rate of return assumptions.

The best estimates for the long-term expected rate of return are summarized are as follows:

ALL FUNDS - Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
U.S. Core Fixed Income	20.0%	0.40%
US Equity-Large Cap	20.0%	76.60%
Non US Emerging	15.0%	9.20%
NON US Developed	12.0%	7.30%
Private Equity	10.0%	10.60%
Credit and Structured	10.0%	3.10%
Real Estate	5.0%	3.70%
Absolute Return	5.0%	2.50%
US Equity Small Cap	3.0%	6.60%
Total	100%	-

NOTE 13. Post-Employment Benefits – State Retiree Health Care Plan (continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability is 3.62% as of June 30, 2021. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made at rates proportional to the actuary determined contribution rates. For this purpose, employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Projected employer contributions that are intended to fund the service costs for future plan members and their beneficiaries are not included. Based on those assumptions, the Authority's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments for current plan members through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2052. The 7.00% discount rate, which includes the assumed inflation rate of 2.30% for ERB members and 2.50% for PERA members, was used to calculate the net OPEB liability through 2052. Beyond 2052, the index rate for 20-year, tax exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher (2.16%) was applied. Thus, 3.62% is the blended discount rate.

Sensitivity of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate and healthcare cost trend rates.

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.62 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.62 percent) than the current discount rate:

RHC Fund Division Municipal Government	1% Decrease		Current Discount		1% Increase	
	(2.62%)		Rate (23.62%)		(4.62%)	
City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	4,158,640	\$	3,309,763	\$	2,649,430

OPEB plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in NMRHCA's audited financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2021.

NOTE 14. Subsequent Events

The date to which events occurring after June 30, 2022, the date of the most recent balance sheet, have been evaluated for possible adjustment to the financial statements or disclosures is October 19, 2022 which is the date on which the financial statements were available to be issued.

NOTE 15. Restricted net position

The government-wide statement of net position reports restricted net position in governmental funds of \$964,721. For descriptions of the related enabling legislation for special revenue, capital projects, see page 34 and pages 82-85 for descriptions of the related restrictions for special revenue, debt service capital projects funds. The government-wide statement of net position reports restricted net position in business-type activities of \$397,162. This amount is restricted for capital projects and debt service for the Joint Utility.

NOTE 16. Related Party

As of June 30, 2022, the City's management was aware of the following related party relationships:

Vendor Name Relationship		Total E	xpenditures
Best Western Socorro Hotel	Owned by the Mayor	\$	1,499
Bhasker Medical Clinic PC	Owned by the Mayor	\$	3,600
Lukesh Caral Janitorial Services	Related to Accounts Payable Clerk	\$	7,200
The Water / Ice Store, LLC	Owned by City Council Member	\$	2,435
Trujillo Signs-T-Shirts	Owned by Rick Trujillo City Compliance Office	\$	554
Hicks Paint and Body Shop	Owned My City Council Member Gordon Hicks	\$	720

NOTE 17. GASB 77 Disclosures (Tax Abatements)

Management of the City is not aware of any tax abatement agreements that existed as of June 30, 2022.

NOTE 18. Joint Powers Agreements

Central Solid Waste Authority

	Participants	County of Socorro City of Socorro
	Responsible party	Socorro County and City of Socorro
	Description	Commencing May 1, 2019 and every year thereafter the County shall distribute \$40,000.00 from County fund .No 401- 010-5245 to the City, for the sole purpose of applying the funds toward the Ambulance (EMS) Services per NMSA 1978, Section 5-1-1 (1974). Commencing May 1, 2019, the City shall distribute all monies remaining after May 1, of that year, in City fund .No 201 to the County, for the sole purpose of applying the funds toward the maintenance and operation of the Socorro County Detention Center pursuant to NMSA 1978 Section 33-3-1 (1984).
	Term of agreement	2018 with automatic one year renewals on January 1.
	Amount of project	Unknown
	City contributions	Unknown
	Audit responsibility	City of Socorro and Socorro County
<u>Animal</u>	Shelter	
	Participants	County of Socorro City of Socorro
	Responsible party	Socorro County and City of Socorro
	Description	City of Socorro animal shelter agrees to accept and process stray animals brought in by Socorro County Sheriff's Department, or other county Staff dedicated to control stray animals.
	Term of agreement	Perpetual
	Amount of project	Unknown
	City contributions	None
	Audit responsibility	City of Socorro

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

STATE OF NEW MEXICOSchedule ICity of SocorroPage 1 of 3Schedules of Required Supplementary InformationSchedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability of PERA
Fund Division – Municipal GeneralPublic Employees Retirement Association (PERA) Plan Last 10 Fiscal Years*

Measurement Date: MUNICIPAL GENERAL FUND	Ju	ine 30, 2021 FY 2022	Ju	une 30, 2020 FY 2021	ine 30, 2019 FY 2020	Ju	ine 30, 2018 FY 2019	Ju	ne 30, 2017 FY2018	ne 30, 2016 FY 2017	ne 30, 2015 FY 2016	Ju	une 30, 2014 FY 2015
City's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)		0.3418%		0.3403%	0.3389%		0.3852%		0.3886%	0.3889%	0.3903%		0.3941%
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$	3,851,579	\$	6,881,639	\$ 5,866,696	\$	6,141,513	\$	5,339,693	\$ 6,087,098	\$ 3,944,781	\$	3,093,126
City's covered-employee payroll	\$	3,455,699	\$	3,477,523	\$ 3,398,523	\$	3,225,155	\$	2,793,566	\$ 2,905,236	\$ 2,866,523	\$	2,714,235
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		111.46%		197.89%	172.62%		190.43%		191.14%	209.52%	137.62%		113.96%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		77.25%		66.36%	70.52%		73.74%		73.74%	69.18%	76.99%		81.29%

*The amounts presented were determined as of June 30. This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the City will present information for those years for which information is available.

See Independent Auditors' Report

STATE OF NEW MEXICOSchedule ICity of SocorroPage 2 of 3Schedules of Required Supplementary InformationSchedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability of PERA
Fund Division – Municipal PolicePublic Employees Retirement Association (PERA) Plan Last 10 Fiscal Years*

Measurement Date: MUNICIPAL POLICE FUND	Ju	ne 30, 2021 FY 2022	J	une 30, 2020 FY 2021	Ju	ine 30, 2019 FY 2020	Ju	ine 30, 2018 FY 2019	Ju	ne 30, 2017 FY2018	ne 30, 2016 FY 2017	ine 30, 2015 FY 2016	J	une 30, 2014 FY 2015
City's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)		0.2666%		0.2725%		0.2998%		0.2975%		0.2948%	0.2998%	0.2965%		0.2999%
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$	1,378,788	\$	2,340,420	\$	2,214,530	\$	2,029,855	\$	1,637,807	\$ 2,296,864	\$ 1,520,948	\$	1,131,182
City's covered-employee payroll	\$	802,999	\$	690,462	\$	674,523	\$	632,555	\$	655,232	\$ 631,560	\$ 807,916	\$	750,255
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		171.70%		338.96%		328.31%		320.90%		249.96%	363.68%	188.26%		150.77%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		77.25%		66.36%		70.52%		71.13%		73.74%	69.18%	76.99%		81.29%

*The amounts presented were determined as of June 30. This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the City will present information for those years for which information is available.

STATE OF NEW MEXICOSchedule ICity of SocorroPage 3 of 3Schedules of Required Supplementary InformationSchedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability of PERA
Fund Division – Municipal FirePublic Employees Retirement Association (PERA) Plan Last 10 Fiscal Years*

Measurement Date: MUNICIPAL FIRE FUND	Ju	ine 30, 2021 FY 2022	Jı	une 30, 2020 FY 2021	Ju	ine 30, 2019 FY 2020	J	une 30, 2018 FY 2019	Ju	ne 30, 2017 FY2018	ne 30, 2016 FY 2017	ne 30, 2015 FY 2016	Ju	ine 30, 2014 FY 2015
City's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)		0.4933%		0.4382%		0.4614%		0.4606%		0.4617%	0.4721%	0.4655%		0.4568%
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$	2,994,910	\$	3,314,430	\$	3,170,911	\$	2,641,592	\$	2,641,592	\$ 3,118,700	\$ 2,408,724	\$	1,999,760
City's covered-employee payroll	\$	532,965	\$	472,001	\$	461,197	\$	440,555	\$	504,651	\$ 452,185	\$ 466,525	\$	481,072
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		561.93%		702.21%		687.54%		669.19%		523.45%	689.70%	516.31%		415.69%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		77.25%		66.36%		70.52%		71.13%		73.74%	69.18%	76.99%		81.29%

*The amounts presented were determined as of June 30. This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the City will present information for those years for which information is available.

STATE OF NEW MEXICO City of Socorro Schedules of Contributions Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) Plan PERA Fund Division - Municipal General Last 10 Years*

Schedule II Page 1 of 3

Measurement Date: MUNICIPAL GENERAL FUND	ne 30, 2021 FY 2022	Ju	ine 30, 2020 FY 2021	ne 30, 2019 FY 2020	Ju	ne 30, 2018 FY 2019	Ju	ne 30, 2017 FY2018	ne 30, 2016 FY 2017	ne 30, 2015 FY 2016	ne 30, 2014 FY 2015
Contractually required contribution	\$ 330,019	\$	332,103	\$ 324,600	\$	308,002	\$	311,000	\$ 326,000	\$ 590,000	\$ 638,000
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$ 330,733	\$	332,357	\$ 324,600	\$	308,131	\$	311,000	\$ 326,000	\$ 590,000	\$ 638,000
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ (714)	\$	(254)	\$ -	\$	(129)	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
City's covered-employee payroll	\$ 3,455,699	\$	3,477,523	\$ 3,398,523	\$	3,225,155	\$	2,793,566	\$ 2,905,236	\$ 2,866,523	\$ 2,714,235
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	9.57%		9.56%	9.55%		9.55%		11.13%	11.22%	20.58%	23.51%

*The amounts presented were determined as of June 30. This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the City will present information for those years for which information is available.

STATE OF NEW MEXICO City of Socorro Schedules of Contributions Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) Plan PERA Fund Division - Municipal Police Last 10 Years*

Schedule II Page 2 of 3

Measurement Date: MUNICIPAL POLICE FUND	ne 30, 2021 FY 2022	J	une 30, 2020 FY 2021	ne 30, 2019 FY 2020	ne 30, 2018 FY 2019	ne 30, 2017 FY2018	ne 30, 2016 FY 2017	ne 30, 2015 FY 2016	ne 30, 2014 FY 2015
Contractually required contribution	\$ 151,847	\$	130,566	\$ 127,485	\$ 119,553	\$ 119,000	\$ 115,000	\$ 170,000	\$ 141,000
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$ 151,869	\$	130,568	\$ 127,521	\$ 119,553	\$ 119,000	\$ 115,000	\$ 170,000	\$ 141,000
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ (22)	\$	(2)	\$ 36	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
City's covered-employee payroll	\$ 802,999	\$	690,462	\$ 674,523	\$ 632,555	\$ 655,232	\$ 631,560	\$ 807,916	\$ 807,916
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	18.91%		18.91%	18.91%	18.90%	18.16%	18.21%	21.04%	17.45%

*The amounts presented were determined as of June 30. This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the City will present information for those years for which information is available.

STATE OF NEW MEXICO City of Socorro Schedules of Contributions Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) Plan PERA Fund Division - Municipal Fire Last 10 Years*

Schedule II Page 3 of 3

Measurement Date: MUNICIPAL FIRE FUND	ne 30, 2021 FY 2022	Ju	ine 30, 2020 FY 2021	ne 30, 2019 FY 2020	ne 30, 2018 FY 2019	ne 30, 2017 FY2018	ne 30, 2016 FY 2017	ne 30, 2015 FY 2016	ne 30, 2014 FY 2015
Contractually required contribution	\$ 147,365	\$	130,508	\$ 127,521	\$ 121,813	\$ 127,000	\$ 124,000	\$ 160,000	\$ 127,000
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$ 148,131	\$	130,568	\$ 127,521	\$ 121,813	\$ 127,000	\$ 124,000	\$ 160,000	\$ 127,000
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ (766)	\$	(60)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	-
City's covered-employee payroll	\$ 532,965	\$	472,001	\$ 461,197	\$ 458,233	\$ 504,651	\$ 452,185	\$ 466,525	\$ 481,072
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	27.79%		27.66%	27.65%	27.65%	28.70%	27.42%	29.90%	29.90%

*The amounts presented were determined as of June 30. This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the City will present information for those years for which information is available.

STATE OF NEW MEXICO

City of Socorro Schedules of Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability Retiree Health Care Last 10 Fiscal Years*

CITY IN SUMMATION	e:	June 30, 2021 FY 2022	Ju	ne 30, 2020 FY 2021	Ju	ine 30, 2019 FY 2020	ne 30, 2018 FY 2019	Ju	ne 30, 2017 FY2018
City's proportion of the net OPEB liability (asset)		0.1006%		0.0978%		0.1039%	0.1108%		0.1118%
City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	3,309,763	\$	4,105,272	\$	3,369,490	\$ 4,791,017	\$	5,065,051
City's covered-employee payroll	\$	4,655,232	\$	4,612,353	\$	4,403,381	\$ 3,029,368	\$	4,665,944
City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		71.10%		89.01%		76.52%	158.15%		108.55%

*The amounts presented were determined as of June 30. This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the City will present information for those years for which information is available.

STATE OF NEW MEXICO City of Socorro Schedules of Contributions OPEB Last 10 Fiscal Years*

Measurement Date:	 June 30, 2021 FY 2022	Ju	ne 30, 2020 FY 2021	Ju	ne 30, 2019 FY 2020	Ju	ne 30, 2018 FY 2019	Ju	ne 30, 2017 FY2018
Contractually required contribution	\$ 154,876	\$	145,289	\$	140,908	\$	90,881	\$	139,978
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$ 154,876	\$	145,295	\$	141,526	\$	90,887	\$	94,094
City's covered-employee payroll	\$ 4,655,232	\$	4,612,353	\$	4,403,381	\$	3,029,368	\$	4,665,944
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	3.33%		3.15%		3.21%		3.00%		2.02%

* Outflows for 2020, 2021 and 2022 are accelerated in comparison with prior years

*The amounts presented were determined as of June 30. This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the City will present information for those years for which information is available.

STATE OF NEW MEXICO City of Socorro Notes to the Required Supplementary Information June 30, 2022

Changes of Benefit Terms: The PERA and COLA and retirement eligibility benefits changes in recent years are described in Note 1 of PERA's CAFR. <u>https://www.saonm.org.</u>

Assumptions: The Public Employees Retirement Association of New Mexico Annual Actuarial Valuations as of June 30, 2021 report is available at <u>www.nmpera.org.</u>

There were no major changes to benefit terms which impact the measurements provided in the Retirement Healthcare Fund. The 2021 report can be found at <u>www.nmrhc.org</u>.

Changes in Assumption

The PERA salary scale, inflation and payroll assumptions were updated to reflect assumptions used in PERA June 30, 2021 pension valuation. The Actuarial Assumptions are contained in Sections 3 of the RHCA GASB Actuarial Report.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

STATE OF NEW MEXICO City of Socorro Nonmajor Governmental Fund Description June 30, 2022

Special Revenue Funds

Sedillo Park Renovations Fund - 107

To account for recreational user fees and concession revenues associated with activities conducted at Sedillo Park. The revenues are pledged for the purpose of paying a promissory note, the proceeds of which were used for renovating Sedillo Park.

Corrections Fund – 201

To account for correctional fees collectable from persons convicted by the municipal judge for violating any motor vehicle ordinance. State Statue section 35-14-11, NMSA, 1978 compilation restricts the expenditures to the purpose of paying for the care of municipal prisoners.

Emergency Medical Services (EMS) Fund - 206

To account for all rescue operations undertaken by the Fire Department and funded through State grants. The fund was established by sections 24-IOA-1 through 24-IOA-10 NMSA, 1978.

Fire Protection Fund - 209

To account for the operations and maintenance of the Fire Department. The operations are financed by an allotment from the annual fire grant from the State of New Mexico. The fund was established by section 59-A-53-1 N MSA, 1978.

Law Enforcement Protection Fund (LEPF) - 211

To account for the expenditures from the State of New Mexico for training, equipment and capital outlay. Authority is section 29-13-14 NMSA, 1978.

Lodgers Tax Fund – 214

To account for lodger's tax collections. The tax is to be used for anything associated with tourist related facilities, attractions, and transportation systems. The fund was established by section 3-38-14 NMSA, 1978.

Lodgers Tax Promotional Fund – 215

To account for the operations of advertising, publicizing and promoting tourist facilities and tourist attractions. Financing is provided by three and a half percent of a five percent tax on lodging gross receipts within the City of Socorro. State Statute section 3-3-15, subsection D and E, NMSA, 1978 compilation requires the tax to be used in this manner.

The Municipal Street Fund – 216

To account for gas taxes collected and operating, maintenance and capital improvements of City Streets Pursuant to the County and Municipal Gasoline Tax act, NMSA 7-21-1.

STATE OF NEW MEXICO City of Socorro Nonmajor Governmental Fund Description June 30, 2022

Special Revenue Funds (continued)

Recreation Fund - 217

To account for City revenues and expenditures relating to recreational facilities and sports and recreation programs. The monetary funds to support the activities carried out in this fund come from the State. The fund was established by section 7-12-15 NMSA, 1978.

Library Fund – 218

To account for donations received for the Public Library. Resources are provided by public donations and the interest earned thereon. Expenditures are to be used for activities of the library.

<u>COVID 19 Fund – 219</u>

To account for cares act funding received from the federal government related to COVID 19 relief. The fund was established per the grant agreement award number CARES-25002-CSO.

Juvenile Justice – 241

To account for grant funds used for programs and workshops administered for the benefit of the youth.

Rodeo Arena Fund – 249

To account for City revenues and expenditures related to the rodeo arena facilities. The Fund was established per City ordnance.

Convention Center Fund -250

To account for the design, construction, equipping, furnishing, landscaping, operation and maintenance of the convention center. Financing is provided by a fee charged to each lodger for each day a room is occupied withing city limits. New Mexico legislature enacted the Convention Center Financing act during the 2003 legislature secession and requires the tax to be used in this manner.

Capital Projects Funds

Airport Improvement Fund – 304

To account for resources received and used for improvements to the municipal airport. Resources for the projects are provided by an FAA Grant, NM Aviation Division Grant and City matching funds.

<u>CDBG - 315</u>

To account for improvements to various roads. Resources for the project are provided by the General Fund, Enterprise Fund, and federal and state funding.

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STATE OF NEW MEXICO City of Socorro Nonmajor Governmental Fund Description June 30, 2022

Debt Service Funds

Debt Service Fund – 403

To account for accumulation of monies and payment of interest, principal & required reserves on the Master Equipment Lease Purchase Agreement, the HS Road Intercept and Reserve Fund, infrastructure improvements, and the rodeo sports facility loans.

STATE OF NEW MEXICO City of Socorro Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2022

			Sp	ecial F	Revenue	;		
	Ren	edillo Park ovations # 107	 ections 201	-	EMS 206		Fire otection # 209	LEPF # 211
Assets			 					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	5,236	\$ -	\$	-		20,210	\$ 10,556
Restricted cash		-	-		-		285	-
Other Receivables		-	-		-		-	-
Lodgers taxes receivables		-	-		-		-	-
Total assets	\$	5,236	\$ -	\$	-	\$	20,495	\$ 10,556
Liabilities and fund balance								
Liabilities								
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	6,446	\$ 8,220
Total liabilities		-	-		-		6,446	8,220
Fund balance								
Nonspendable								
Interfund Loans		-	-		-			
Spendable								
Restricted for:								
Public safety		-	-				14049	2336
Culture and recreation		5,236	-		-		-	-
Debt service expenditures		-	-		-		-	-
Capital projects		-	-		-		-	-
Committed to: Unassigned		-	-		_		-	-
Total fund balances		5,236	 -		_		14,049	 2,336
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	5,236	\$ -	\$	-	\$	20,495	\$ 10,556

				Special Re	even	ue					
odgers Tax # 214	Pr	odgers Tax omotion # 215	u nicipal Street # 216	creation # 217		5rary 218	J	uvenile Justice # 241	1	Rodeo Arena # 249	nvention Center # 250
\$ 35,886 - -	\$	80,265 32,017 -	\$ - 15,442	\$ 150 - -	\$	669 - -	\$	25,792 - -	\$	196 - -	39,424 12,936
\$ 15,029 50,915	\$	36,564 148,846	\$ 15,442	\$ - 150	\$	- 669	\$	- 25,792	\$	- 196	\$ 20,884 73,244
\$ <u>9</u> 9	\$	6,000 6,000	\$ 5,095 5,095	\$ 5,623 5,623	\$			3,256 3,256	\$	2,580 2,580	\$ <u>-</u>
- 50,906 - -		- 110,829 32,017 -	10,347 - - -	- - - (5,473)		- 669 - -		22,536 - - -		- - - - (2,384)	- 60,308 12,936 -
 50,906		- 142,846	 10,347	 (5,473)		669		- 22,536		(2,384)	 73,244
\$ 50,915	\$	148,846	\$ 15,442	\$ 150	\$	669	\$	25,792	\$	196	\$ 73,244

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STATE OF NEW MEXICO City of Socorro Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2022

		Capital Pro	ojects	De	ebt Service		
	Impro	irport ovements ± 304	CDBG # 315		Debt Service # 403	Gov	Total onmajor ⁄ernmental Funds
Assets Cash and cash equivalents Restricted cash Other Receivables Lodgers taxes receivables	\$	7,865	\$ 7,796 228,855	;	- 169,070 - -	\$	234,045 214,308 244,297 72,477
Total assets	\$	7,865	\$ 236,651	\$	169,070	\$	765,127
Liabilities and fund balance Liabilities							
Accounts payable Total liabilities	\$		<u>\$ -</u>	\$	-	\$	37,229 37,229
Fund balance Nonspendable Interfund Loans Spendable Restricted for:							
Public safety		-	-		-		49,268
Culture and recreation Debt service expenditures Capital projects Committed to:		- - 7865	- - 236,651		- 169,070 -		227,948 214,023 244,516
Unassigned		-	-		-		(7,857)
Total fund balances		7,865	236,651		169,070		727,898
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	7,865	\$ 236,651	\$	169,070	\$	765,127

See Independent Auditors' Report and Notes to Financial Statements

STATE OF NEW MEXICO City of Socorro Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

			Specia	al Revenue			
_	Ren	edillo Park ovations [‡] 107	rrections # 201	EMS # 206	Pr	Fire otection # 209	LEPF # 211
Revenues	¢		\$	\$-	¢		¢
Gross receipt taxes Gas taxes	\$	-	\$ -	ф -	\$	-	\$ -
Lodger's taxes		-	-	-		-	-
State operating grants		-	-	20,000		-	- 31,665
State capital grants		_	_	20,000		223,023	-
Federal operating grants		_	_	_		-	_
Federal capital grants		-	_	_		-	_
Charges for services		5,104	-	-		-	-
Licenses and fees		-	13,720	_		-	-
Interest income		-	_	-		-	-
Miscellaneous income		-	-	-		-	-
Total revenue		5,104	13,720	20,000		223,023	31,665
Expenditures							
Current:							
Public safety		_	13,720	18,620		160,707	28,733
Public works		-	-	-		-	-
Culture and recreation		1,907	-	-		-	-
Capital outlay		-	-	-		-	-
Debt service:							
Principal		-	-	-		54,655	-
Interest		-	-			3,591	
Total expenditures		1,907	 13,720	18,620		218,953	28,733
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over							
expenditures		3,197	 -	1,380		4,070	2,932
Other financing sources (uses)							
Transfers in		-	-	-		-	-
Loan proceeds		-	-	-		-	-
Total other financing sources (uses)		-	 -	-		-	-
Net change in fund balance		3,197	 -	1,380		4,070	2,932
Fund balance - beginning of year		2,039	 -	(1,380)		9,979	(596)
Fund balance - end of year	\$	5,236	\$ -	\$-	\$	14,049	\$ 2,336

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- 52	183,825
- 52	
- 3,002 3,340 4,066	
	20
<u>138,219</u> <u>304,876</u> <u>116,396</u> <u>40,161</u> <u>-</u> <u>60,313</u> <u>82,065</u>	4,907
	188,752
81,631 -	
483,731 55,854 151,914 - 300,736 132,785	31,904
81,141 109,881 281,399 47,016	
	10,000
- 60,672 30,305	30,846
- 28,248 1,992	23,149
136,995 350,715 797,427 300,736 - 81,631 179,801	159,765
1,224 (45,839) (681,031) (260,575) - (21,318) (97,736) 28,987
521,731 258,319 55,500	-
150,000	-
671,731 258,319 55,500	
1,224 (45,839) (9,300) (2,256) - (21,318) (42,236) 28,987
49,682 188,685 19,647 (3,217) 669 43,854 39,852	44,257
\$ 50,906 \$ 142,846 \$ 10,347 \$ (5,473) \$ 669 \$ 22,536 \$ (2,384) \$ 73,244

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STATE OF NEW MEXICOStatement A-2City of SocorroPage 2 of 2Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances
Nonmajor Governmental Funds
For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Capital Projects					bt Service			
	Impi	nprovements CDBG Se			Debt Service # 403	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds			
Revenues	¢		¢		¢	24 000	¢	24 000	
Gross receipt taxes Gas taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	31,890	\$	31,890 113,056	
Lodger's taxes		-		-		-		440,041	
State operating grants			-		-		76,990		
State operating grants		_	257,	- 1/6		_	480,169		
Federal operating grants		201,	-		_	60,313			
Federal capital grants		128,279		_		-	128,279		
Charges for services		-		_		-	281,764		
Licenses and fees			_		-	13,720			
Interest income		-		-		2,206		2,278	
Miscellaneous income			-	-			15,315		
Total revenue		257,	146	6 34,096			1,643,815		
Expenditures									
Current:									
Public safety		-		-		-		303,411	
Public works		4,738	11.	094		-		499,563	
Culture and recreation		-	,	_		-		675,100	
Capital outlay		74,923	114,	- 114,860			783,086		
Principal		-		-		29,050		205,528	
Interest				-		5,670		62,650	
Total expenditures		79,661	125,	954		34,720		2,529,338	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over									
expenditures		48,618	131,	192		(624)		(885,523)	
Other financing sources (uses)									
Transfers in		-	28,	500		-		864,050	
Loan proceeds				-		-		150,000	
Total other financing sources (uses)		-	28,500			-	1,014,050		
Net change in fund balance		48,618	159,	692		(624)		128,527	
Fund balance - beginning of year		(40,753)	76,	959		169,694		599,371	
Fund balance - end of year	\$	7,865	\$ 236,	651	\$	169,070	\$	727,898	

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SUPPORTING SCHEDULES

STATE OF NEW MEXICO City of Socorro Schedule of Deposits and Investments June 30, 2022

Bank Name/Account Name	Account Type		Bank D Balance								eposits in Outstanding Transit Checks		Deposits in Transit				Book Balance
New Mexico LGIP																	
LGIP	Investments	\$	1,755,389	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,755,389								
Total Wells Fargo Bank, N.A.			1,755,389		-		-		1,755,389								
First State Bank:																	
Operating Account	Checking		4,019,503		37,735		(774,188)		3,283,050								
CDBG	Checking		36,606						36,606								
Savings	Savings		4,903,780						4,903,780								
USDA #2	Checking		5,800						5,800								
USDA	Checking		20,882						20,882								
Payroll Account	Checking		47,089		387		(45,071)		2,405								
Total First State Bank			9,033,660		38,122		(819,259)		8,252,523								
Washington Federal																	
Operating Account	Chyecking		97,907		1,533		-		99,440								
Total Washington Federal	, ,		97,907		1,533		-		99,440								
New Mexico Finance Authority:																	
Debt Service Account	Debt Service		230,096		-		-		230,096								
Debt Service Reserve Escrow	Debt Escrow		343,824		-		-		343,824								
Project Funds	Capital Projects		372		-		-		372								
Total New Mexico Finance Authority			574,292		-		-		574,292								
Total		\$	11,461,248	\$	39,655	\$	(819,259)		10,681,644								
Petty cash									900								
Total Deposits								\$	10,682,544								
	Total cas	h and	cash equivale	ents p	er Stateme	ent of	Net Position	\$	10,033,837								
Total restricted cash and cash equivalents per Statement of Net Position							Ŧ	611,537									
			stomer depos						37,170								
							equivalents	\$	10.682.544								

Total cash and cash equivalents \$10,682,544

STATE OF NEW MEXICO So City of Socorro Schedule of Collateral Pledged by Depository for Public Funds June 30, 2022

	Description of		CUSIP /		
Name of Depository	Pledged Collateral	Maturity Date	Description	Fair	Market Value
First State Bank	FFCB 5.28	04/16/25	31331VKU9	\$	504,908
First State Bank	FNMA 6.090	09/27/27	31364FCB5		589,253
First State Bank	FFCB 2.800	05/03/29	3133EKKG0		1,995,254
First State Bank	FFCB 2.450	07/26/32	3133EGNR2		1,110,116
First State Bank	FFCB 2.850	09/13/23	3133EHYH0		400,558
First State Bank	FFCB 3.620	03/09/34	3133EAGW2		1,084,731
				\$	5,684,820

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COMPLIANCE SECTION



Auditors~Consultants~CPA

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To Honorable Brian S. Colón New Mexico State Auditor and The City Council City of Socorro Socorro, New Mexico

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, the aggregate remaining fund information, and the budgetary comparisons for the general fund of the City of Socorro, New Mexico (the City), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 19, 2022.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Southwest accounting Solutions, LLC

Albuquerque, New Mexico October 19, 2022 (This page is intentionally left blank)

FEDERAL FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To Honorable Brian S. Colón New Mexico State Auditor and The City Council City of Socorro Socorro, New Mexico

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited City of Socorro, New Mexico's (the City) compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of City's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022. The City's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the City complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of City and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of City's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to City's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on City's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about City's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the City's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of City's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of City's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Southwest accounting Solutions, LLC

Albuquerque, New Mexico October 19, 2022

STATE OF NEW MEXICO City of Socorro Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards June 30, 2022

Federal grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program Title	Assisted Listing Number	Major Program	Project Number	Federal Expenditures				 Total
Unites States Department of Transportation Passed Through New Mexico Department of Transportation								
Public Rural Transportation	20.509	No	DD82-8311	\$	223,800	\$	-	\$ 223,800
Unites States Department of Justice Passed through New Mexico Children and Youth Families Department								
Juvenile Assistance Grant	16.601	No	21-690-3200-20819		78,375		-	78,375
United States Center of Disease Control Passed through New Mexico Department of Health								
Community Transformation Grant	93.531	No	66500-06104		23,895		-	23,895
United States Federal Emergency Management								
Agency								
Passed through New Mexico Department of Substance Abuse								
Drug Free Communities	93.959	No	BD30-SABG		132,605		-	132,605
United States Department of the Treasury Direct								
American Rescue Plan Funding	21.019	Yes	FRF-SOCRO-085		709,973		-	709,973
Federal Aviation Agency Direct								
Airport Project	20.106	No	3-35-0040-022-2021		79,661		-	79,661
United States Department of Agriculture Direct								
Waste Water Collection Lines	10.760	Yes	1780-12		2,092,114		-	2,092,114
Waste Water Collection Lines	10.760	Yes	1780-12		-		6,424,000	6,424,000
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards				\$	3,340,423	\$	6,424,000	\$ 9,764,423

STATE OF NEW MEXICO City of Socorro Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards June 30, 2022

NOTE 1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal grant activity of the City of Socorro (City) under program of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2022. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of the Title 2-U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the schedule only presents a selected portion of the operations of the City, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position or changes in net position of the City.

NOTE 2. Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying schedule of federal awards is prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The schedule of federal awards includes expenditures of the City of Socorro.

Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in OMB Circular A-87, Cost Principles for State, Local and Indian Tribal Governments, and Title 2, U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance), where certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as the reimbursement.

The City has elected not to use the 10 percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

NOTE 3. Loan Guarantees

The City expend federal awards related to loans or loan guarantees in the amount of \$6,424,000 during the year.

NOTE 4. Federally Funded Insurance

The City has no federally funded insurance.

NOTE 5. Funds Provided to Sub-recipients

The City did not provide any funds to subrecipients during the year ended June 30, 2022.

NOTE 6. Noncash Assistance

The City did not receive any noncash assistance during the year ended June 30, 2022.

STATE OF NEW MEXICO City of Socorro Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards June 30, 2022

NOTE 3. General

The following is a reconciliation of the total Federal Awards of the City for the year ended June 30, 2022:

City of Socorro's federal expenditures of federal awards on SEFA	\$ 9,764,423
Expenditures funded by other sources	26,056,782
Total expenditures	\$ 35,821,205

STATE OF NEW MEXICO City of Socorro Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs June 30, 2022

Section I: SUMMARY OF AUDIT RESULTS

Financial Statements:

Type of auditors' report issued					
Internal control over f	inancial reporting:				
Material Weakness identified Significant deficiencies identified? Noncompliance material to the financial statements?					
Federal Awards:					
Type of Auditors report	issued on compliance for major federal programs		Unmodified		
Internal control over major federal programs:					
Material weakness(es) identified? Significant Deficiency(ies) identified?					
Any Audit finding disclo accordance with 2 CFR		No			
Identification of major for compliance for major fe	ederal programs and type of auditors report issued on ederal programs:				
Assisted Listing					
Number Name of Federal Program or Cluster Federal Funding Sou					
21.109American Rescue PlanUnites States department of10.760Waste Water Collection LinesUnited States Department of					
10.700	Waste Water Collection Lines	United States Department o	rArgiculture		
Dollar threshold used to	o distinguish between a type A and type B programs.		\$750,000		
Auditee qualified as a low-risk auditee?					

Section II: Prior Year Audit Findings

No Previous year audit findings

Section III: Audit Findings

No Current year audit findings

STATE OF NEW MEXICO City of Socorro Exit Conference June 30, 2022

Exit Conference

An exit conference was held on October 19, 2022. In attendance were the following:

Representing the City of Socorro:

Peter Romero Donald Monette Ruby Lopez City Councilor City Administrator Finance Director

Representing Southwest Accounting Solutions, LLC Robert Peixotto, CPA Managing Member

Auditor Prepared Financial Statements

Southwest Accounting Solutions, LLC prepared the GAAP-basis financial statements and footnotes of the City of Socorro from the original books and records provided to them by the management of the City. The responsibility for the financial statements remains with the City.